THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By Gallaway, Hampton & Co.) MEMPHIS, TUESDAY, JULY 23, 1867. (Volume Nine---Number 171

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Able, Dan & Co., rectifiers and dealers in foreign and domestic liquors, No. 3 Bradley block.

Black, Cameron & Co., produce and commission merchants Charleston avenue, near M. & C. R. R. Depot.

Bradford & Buckingham, cotton factors and general commission merchants, No. 256 Front street, upstairs.

Bachle, F., manufacturer of pocket-cutlery, boots and shoes No. 361 Main street.

Brown, Mrs., female doctress, No. 10 Monroe street.

Bryan & Grisim, attorneys at law, over Tennessee National Bank, corner Jefferson and Main.

Boone, G. C., & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 20 Jefferson street.

Brigham, R. B., general railroad and steamboat ticket agent, 5 Jefferson street.

Bourn & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 12 Jefferson street.

Brady, Dillard & Co., cotton factors and tobacco agents, 254 Front street.

Citizens' Union Bank, 22 Madison street.

Commercial Hotel, D. Bryson, proprietor, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

Cousins, Dr. A. P., medicine office in Bethel Block, corner of Court and Main streets.

Cox & Humphreys, produce and commission merchants No. 1 Howard Row.

Cunningham, Dickson, flour merchant, 220 Front street.

Chancellorville & Co., C., job printers, blank book manufacturers and stationery, 197 Main street.

Dickinson, John A., carpets, furniture, oil cloth, etc., etc., 261 Second street, Hinde block.

Emmons & Son, newspaper and periodical agents, 12 Jefferson street.

Edmondson & Wynn, cotton factors and general commission merchants, 211-2 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

Emmet Savings Institution, 7 Madison street.

Elson Brothers, mammoth cheap dry goods store, 297 Main street.

Filbert, winter & Walker, direct importers, Ayres' Building, 273 Second street.

Fellis, J. W. & Co., druggists, 251 Main street.

Filmore, Beckham & Chapman, groceries and family supplies, 200 Main street.

Farrington & Howell, grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 264 Front street.

Fitzgerald & Co., H., grocers, produce dealers and commission merchants, 274 Front street.

Ford & Co., J. O., manufacturers and dealers in saddles, harness, etc., 337½ Main street.

Gates, Wood & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, No. 10 Front (rear), Memphis, Tenn.

Gazaway House, the, Cockrell, proprietor, shelby, between (bayou and McCall street)

Goodbar & Gilliland, exclusive wholesale dealers in boots, shoes and hats, 226 Main street, up-stairs

Gay, Aldeg & McGee, commission and forwarding merchants, No. 268 Front street.

Glover, Dr. L. C., practices in the electic system; Virginia House, Adams street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Goodloe & Isbell, Stave dealers, 195 Main street.

Gospel, Leopold, music dealer, 279 Main street.

Greeley & Co., George M., grocers and cotton factors, 343 Main street.

Gumbinger, J., dealer in spectacles, 317½ Main street.

Hoerner, Theodore, druggist and analytical chemist, corner Beal and Second streets.

Harnes, Stockton & Haynes, attorneys at law; office, corner East Court and Second streets.

Hoote & Co., P. L., wholesale druggists, southwest corner Main and Second streets.

Hormstad, Larry, steamboat Agent, No. 14 Jefferson street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 12 Jefferson street.

Jukes, Thomas S., tin smithing and stencil cutting, 293 Second street.

Johnson & Co., W. J., steamboat agents, Star Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

Knight, Wm. B., dry goods, clothing, notions, etc., 125 Main street.

Keller, Dr. J. H., office Jefferson street, Avalanche Editorial Rooms. Residence at General Hospital.

Leopold, Dr. Del., eye and ear dispensary, Main street, between Overton and Court.

Lawrence & Carter, general commission and forwarding merchants, 228 Front street.

Levy & Co., A. S., auctioneers, Second street, between Union and Gayoso.

Linkhauer & Brother, agents, boot and shoemakers 261½ Second street.

Lane & Saunders, real estate agents, 254 Front street.

Leidy & Miller, Dealers in hats, caps, straw goods, etc., No. 351 Main Street.

Levy and Miller, general steamboat agents and forwarders 3 Madison street.

Lowenstein, B., staple and fancy dry goods, 347 Main street

Mardwell & Anderson, marble works, 39 Union street.

Moore, Whitfield & Rayner, cotton factors, storage and general commission merchants, 264 Front street, Memphis

Mehl, Gerdes & Co., dealers in furniture, carpets oil cloth, 229 Main street, McKinney's old stand.

Memphis Insurance Co., 274 Madison street.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 8 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 8 Jefferson street, under Commercial Hotel.

McRae & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

McClure, J. H., architect and engineer, Sillman Block, corner Madison and Second streets.

Monserrat & Montgomery, real estate agents, 273 Second street.

Meibben & Bro., liquor dealers, 281 Main street.

Mosley, J. B., coal dealer, 19 Union street.

Mastin & Donegan, cotton factors, commission and forwarding merchants, 230 Front street.

Mardwell & Anderson, marble works, No. 39 Union street, between Second and Third.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailor, No. 321 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

McCaffery & Cornelius, general undertakers and embalmers on the dead, 317 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

Miles & Stoddard, auctioneers, 271 Main street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailors, 3 Madison street.

Menken Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 263 Main street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad Office, corner Main and Court streets.

Mitchell & Hoffman, manufacturers of furniture, dealers in carpets, oil cloths, etc., 358 Main street and 36 Monroe.

Mason & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Nathan, Henry, importer and wholesale dealer in wines, liquors, cigars, etc., 39 Jefferson street.

Nevils & Rose, grocers and cotton factors, 176 Front street

Owen, Moore & West, Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Agents, 265 Main and 21½ Madison streets.

Ole & Co., wholesale millinery supplies, 319 Second street.

Pettit & Co., J. T., cotton factors and commission merchants, 18 Union street, up stairs.

Pearce & Shelton, cotton factors and commission merchants, 250 Front street, corner Madison, up stairs.

Pettibone & Co., George, booksellers and stationers, 18 North Court street.

Partee & Harbert, cotton and tobacco factors and general commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Plummer, Carey & Co., produce and commission merchants, 196 Main street.

Power & McGeboy, merchant tailors, 238 Second street.

Postal, W. C., Superintendent Memphis and St. Louis Telegraph Company, foot of Jefferson street.

People's Bank of Tennessee, 12 Madison street.

People's Insurance Company, W. B. Greenlaw, President, 20 Madison street.

Passmore & Co., W. H., General Auctioneers, Vincent Block, Second street.

Perkins, Livingston & Post, cotton gins, presses and general mechanical machinery, 360 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Plummer, E. S., general storage, commission and cotton merchant, 261 Main street, Webster block.

Price & Terry, cotton factors, 15 Union street.

Patrick & Co., J. M., cotton factors, 254 Front street.

Planters' Insurance Company of Tennessee, 272 Front street.

Price & Trueman, dealers in tobacco and four, and commission merchants, 304 Front street.

Price & Terry, cotton factors and commission merchants, 15 Union street.

Pattison, Geo. & Co., booksellers and stationers, 315½ Main st. etc.

Pulley & Hammock, china, glass and queensware, 273 Main street.

Price & Freeman, general commission merchants, 268 Front street.

Pooler, Bayram & Co., watches, diamonds and fine jewelry, 260 Main street.

Ray & Welch, attorneys at law, 327 Main street.

Robinson & Co., Wm. A., founders and machinists, opposite Gayoso House.

Rollo, Planer & Co., cotton factors, 15 Union street.

Rogers & Co., S. C., publishers of The Baptist and The Southern Farmer, 37 Arcade Building, Court street.

Robbins, R. & Bradley, hardware merchants, 229 second street, Adams Block, Memphis, Tenn.

Rayner, Tyrrell & Co., Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Ayres Block, Second street.

Roberge, Mitchell & Co., clothing and furnishing goods, 262 Main street.

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Bro., agents, 264 Madison street.

Smith, W. E., undertaker, 36 Monroe street.

Smith, Owen, undertaker, 366 northeast corner Gayoso and Second streets.

Selden, Williams & Co., lumber dealers, 174 Madison street.

Savings Bank of Memphis 291 Main street.

Smith, James, passenger agent, City Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

Steinhhal, Jacob, dealer in fine liquors, 220 Third street.

Smith, Thomas O., undertaker, 59 Monroe street.

Swab, James A., general insurance agent, 15 Union street, up stairs.

Sykes, F., architect and engineer, Irving Block, Second street, near Court.

Swan & Foote, attorneys at law, No. 40 Madison street, Dobbs Block.

Terry & Mitchell, wholesale dealers in boots, shoes and hats, 329 Main street, Eclipse Building.

Terrell & Co., J. C., merchant tailors, 19 Jefferson street.

Toof, S. C., Book and Job Printer, No. 12 West Court street.

Townsend, J. T., & Sons, real estate brokers, 26 Madison street.

Van Brocklin, R., auctioneer and commission merchant, 30½ Madison street.

Vietor & Donahoe, steamboat agents, 224 Front street, up stairs.

Vacaro, A. & Co., Liquor merchants, No. 224 Front street.

Wareham House, corner Main and Adams streets. G. B. Galloway, proprietor.

Walker Brothers & Co., dealers in dry goods, 129 Main street.

Webb, Mitchell & Co., wholesale grocers and provision dealers, No. 13 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

Webb, S. M. & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 252½ Front street, Memphis, Tenn.

White, Kerr & Rootes, cotton factors, general commission and forwarding merchants, 264 Main street.

Wood & Rose attorneys at law, 336 Second street.

Wheeler, C. L. & Bro., dealers in dry goods, 251 Main street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

FOR GOVERNOR,

EMERSON ETHERIDGE

OF WEAKLEY COUNTY.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

CHARLES S. CAMERON,

OF SHELBY COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,

Hon. J. W. LEFTWICH.

FOR STATE SENATOR,

Hon. JOHN W. SMITH, of Shelby.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,

Honorable DAN. ABLE,

Honorable W. W. COLEMAN.

FOR FLOATER.

GENERAL PHILLIP B. GLENN,

OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

Public Speaking in the Seventh Congressional District.

The undersigned, candidates for Congress, will address the people of the Seventh Congressional District at the following times and places, viz.:

Stevenson's Mill, Weakley county, Wednesday, July 24.
Como, Henry County, Thursday, July 25.

ISAAC R. HAWKINS,
WM. P. CALDWELL.

HON. J. W. SMITH will address his fellow citizens at the following times and places, viz:

Ochs, Tuesday, July 23.
Germantown, Wednesday, July 24.
Fisherville, Thursday, July 25.
Somerville, Saturday, July 27.

At which appointments W. J. Smith and F. S. Richards are respectfully invited to be present, and divide time. General P. B. Glenn will attend the most of the above appointments, and address the people upon the important issues of the hour.

Several water spouts have been seen lately in Hampton Roads, near the bar.

A little boy in New York made a kite out of his father's Seven Thirties. Governments never went so high before.

The Mexican government is about to publish an address to the world in justification of the execution of Maximilian.

The center of the United States has been definitely fixed. It is Columbus, Nebraska, ninety-six miles west of Omaha.

One of the female visitors of Saratoga appeared in seven different dresses on the first day after her arrival.

David Dudley Field, in addition to his former gifts, has endowed a professorship of astronomy at Williams college.

Five hundred and twenty-six deaths occurred in New York last week, being an increase of fifty-four over the week previous.

A curiosity seeker at the Paris exhibition has found some Danish artillery of the middle of the eighteenth century, and among it several breech loaders.

The wife of General Meagher telegraphs that, although the greatest exertions have been made, the General's body has not yet been recovered.

Suits have been commenced in San Francisco against passenger vessels for the recovery of about a million dollars for violation of the State passenger act.

It is stated that an American company is negotiating for the purchase of Queen Charlotte's Island from Great Britain. The island is said to be rich in mines.

It is stated that Roberts' Fenians are making great preparations at their headquarters in New York, and there is little doubt but what a campaign somewhere is intended.

A dispatch from Omaha states that three thousand Chinese have already settled in Boyce county, Idaho, and that still more are on their way.

The town of Basseterre, in the Island of St. Kitts, West Indies, was almost totally destroyed by fire on the night of the 3d instant. Five lives were lost.

Intelligence from Stanford, Kentucky, says that Major Bridgewater, late of the Freedman's bureau in that State, was murdered near that place on the 18th. His head was shattered to pieces by bullets.

The Secretary of the Treasury has concluded to allow the resumption of operations at the mint at New Orleans. It is not probable that much silver will be coined for the present, but work will begin on nickel pieces.

Madame Juarez has arrived in Vera Cruz, and was enthusiastically received there on the 14th. Juarez reached the City of Mexico on the 14th. It is said that he declines a re-election, and will return to the mountains as soon as his successor is elected.

Rome is seriously menaced by the Garibaldians. The Pope, we are told, appealed to Napoleon for the protection of the Holy See, and the Emperor has warned the King of Italy of the threatened movement of the Garibaldians in the city.

Much indignation has been awakened at Washington by the fact that the memorial tablet to Mr. Lincoln, sent from Rome, has been lying neglected in a coal bunker, in the cellar of the White House. Mr. Judd has introduced a resolution in the House respecting the matter.

The heirs of Solomon Ingraham are to meet in New York on July 24th, to make final arrangements to get possession of the property which they claim in England, that property being no less a prize than the land on which stands the thriving city of Leeds. The property is valued at £50,000,000.

On Thursday evening a fisherman went fishing in the river at the foot of Spruce street, St. Louis, and, after fishing industriously all night, caught nothing. At five o'clock the next morning he concluded to make a last trial of his luck, and threw in his line for a final trial. After a few minutes he felt a bite, and, on pulling in his line, found a stout resistance. Thinking he had hooked a large catfish, he hauled in carefully, and at length pulled out a long boot with a man's leg in it. The fisherman was not satisfied, and sent for the Coroner, who sent his assistant down, but did not hold an inquest, as the body was not found.

A call for a convention of delegates of the various workingmen's organizations throughout the country has been issued by W. C. Whaley, President of the National Labor Union. The convention is to meet in Chicago on the third Monday of August next. The object of the convention is to secure unity and concert of action among the workmen. The printers of the United States will be represented in this convention by Mr. Alex. T. Troupe, the Secretary of the national typographical organization, than whom no better or more clear-headed, practical man could have been selected. He will reflect credit on this convention, as he has on the several sessions of the National Typographical Union which he has attended.

The Empress Eugenie was to visit Queen Victoria at Windsor Castle, on Sunday last.

It is understood that the Cuban government will forbid all newspaper discussion of Mexican affairs.

The efforts to raise fares on the St. Louis street cars, from five to six cents, has failed.

A Paris letter writer says that of all the sovereigns lately in pageant in that city there only remained Napoleon the Third, with Maximilian's ghost at his elbow.

Advices from Jamaica report the arrival of a ship with four hundred and eighty Coolies, and another daily expected. Financial affairs have not improved, and failures are increasing. The health of the island is pretty good, and there are but few cases of fever.

A sensational Washington letter writer says the entire filibustering movements throughout the South, ostensibly for the purpose of avenging Maximilian, are really movements for the inauguration of another rebellion.

By the arrival of vessels from China at San Francisco, further particulars are received of the recently reported cholera pestilence in the Isle of Mauritius. The dead and dying lay unattended in the streets, every other house was closed, some of the shipping was affected, the hospitals were insufficient, and quinine was selling at $75 an ounce.

Advices from Tampico, Mexico, state that Gomez and Canales are again in rebellion, this time threatening the State of Tamaulipas, which partly borders on the Rio Grande. It is surmised that they will pronounce for Ortega, and thereby enlist the services of the filibusters in New Orleans, who wish for an opportunity of avenging Maximilian's death.

Quite a sensation is created by the discovery of gold, in paying quantities, near Belleville, Richland county, Ohio. Dr. Austin, a returned Californian, first discovered the presence of the precious metal, while cutting through a sandstone formation, and since then the sand in the bed of Clear creek has been washed and pays handsomely. A company has been formed in Cincinnati, has leased a tract of land, and is now cutting a sluice to obtain water for washing.

The cable brings us important news from Italy. Garibaldi has made a speech, declaring that the time for the liberation of Rome has come, and it is probable his words addressed willing ears. There are rumors that fighting has already taken place between his followers and the Italian troops. Victor Emanuel doubtless desires to be King of Rome; but Napoleon, for the present, protests against the occupation of the States of the Church, and his Italian ally deems it best to wait. The people are, however, less patient, and exciting events may occur.

In the University boat races, on the 19th, Walter Brown, champion of America, pulled his shell boat three miles against time, accomplishing the distance in twenty-three minutes. The Yale crew won the Freshman race of three miles in nineteen minutes and eighteen and three-fourths seconds, the Harvard crew coming in in twenty minutes and six seconds. The Harvard crew, in the University race, won the prize, accomplishing the three miles in eighteen minutes and twelve and three-fourths seconds, being the best time on record. The Yale crew came in in nineteen minutes and twenty-five and a half seconds.

It has been estimated that the number of Catholics in the United States in 1830 was 450,000; in 1840 it was 900,000, and 4,400,000 in 1860. According to these estimates the Catholics double in number every ten years, and in 1870 we shall have eight or nine millions, or nearly one-fifth of the whole population. Seventy-five years ago the United States did not have a single Catholic bishop. The first bishopric was established at Baltimore, in 1799; and now they have 7 archbishops, 39 bishops, 61 archpriests, 3833 priests, 71 seminaries, 1400 schools, 3000 churches, besides other institutions and property estimated at $37,000,000.

Great excitement was caused Friday in the neighborhood of Chicago by a shooting affair at the St. George's picnic. Mrs. Van Patten, wife of a cigar dealer named O. B. Van Patten, found her husband at the picnic with another woman. She drew a revolver and fired at the pair, missing both. She was so mortified with her bad aim that she at once placed the muzzle of the revolver at her heart and fired, missing again through the impertinent interference of a bystander, who elevated the weapon at the very moment when to do so was to spoil the performance.

The Marion (Ohio) *Mirror* of the 2d instant, says that Mrs. Richardson, near that town, had missed her little boy, and went out into the garden to hunt him. To her horror she saw the little fellow, eighteen months old, literally enveloped in the folds of a monster snake. She heroically seized the snake in her hands and tore it loose. No sooner was he loose, however, than he made for the mother, ferociously, and coiled himself about her person, attempting to strangle her as he did the boy. She again seized him and disentangled herself and killed him with an ax. The little child swelled up for several days, but has finally recovered. The snake is what is called the "blue racer," which does not bite, but strangles. It measured ten feet.

Registration in Mobile closed on the 18th. The total number of persons registered is 2,349 whites, and 3,866 blacks.

Burrell B. Taylor retires from the editorial chair of the Quincy (Illinois) *Daily Herald*, to accept a position in the St. Louis *Republican*.

An insane girl in a Connecticut almshouse is kept naked in a barn connected with the establishment, because it is "unpleasant to visitors" to see her about the house.

The Natchez *Courier* says the cotton worm has unquestionably appeared upon several plantations in Concordia parish. Their appearance this years is thirteen days earlier than ever known before.

An Italian named Lewis Devoto committed suicide at Mound City, Illinois, on Tuesday by hanging himself. Cause, embarrassment in business. Devoto is well known in this city among the Italians. He was engaged in a lucrative business in Cairo for three or four years.

SHANKS—he of Indiana, whom the Indianapolis *Herald* calls "John Peter Cleaver"—Monday made a motion in the House for the indorsement of the execution of Maximilian. Mr. Wood denounced the act as barbarous, and the resolution of this weak and wicked Shanks fell to the ground.

The Government of Nicaragua has taken measures to open negotiations with the United States, in view of a treaty of amity, commerce, etc. Complaints are made of obstructions in the Rio San Juan and Nicaragua rivers, placed there by French and other foreign settlers, rendering traffic on the rivers dangerous, and in some places impossible.

The President is authorized to accept four regiments of volunteer mounted infantry to engage in the war. An appropriation of $250,000 is made—$150,000 to carry the bill into effect, and $200,000 to find the friendly Indians belonging to hostile tribes who seek the protection of the United States.

San Francisco advices of the 19th says: "Proceedings have been commenced in the United States District Court in condemnation of the ship Royal Saxon recently from Sidney, charged with smuggling. Suits have been commenced against the ship Free Trade by the California Receiver for $62,700 for the violation of the State passenger act. The Free Trade brought four hundred and twenty-two California and four hundred and eighty-five Chinese passengers; penalty one hundred dollars each.

PERSONAL.

The Tycoon wears gold pantaloons that trail four yards behind, and smokes a pipe.

General Sterling Price is at present among the visitors at West Baden Springs, Indiana.

William Cullen Bryant is in the Highlands of Scotland.

John A. McClernand has been nominated by the President for the Mexican mission.

All the Cabinet approved the veto message but Stanton.

A cable dispatch says that Elias Howe, the sewing machine inventor, is dangerously ill in Paris.

General Grant and family will go to Newport in a few days, to be the guests of Senator Morgan.

Junius Brutus Booth has leased the Boston theater for next year, for twenty-four thousand dollars.

George Alfred Townsend has selected "Russian America" as the theme of his next winter's lecture.

General Grant has ordered the arrest of Brevet Major General S. W. Crawford for riotous disobedience of orders.

Efforts are making in England to secure the release of General Nagle, recently arrested as a Fenian in Ireland.

General Prim, the Spanish revolutionist, comes out as a claimant of the honor of suggesting the French expedition to Mexico.

John Scott, seventy years of age, and Mrs. Martha J. Calloway, a widow of forty-five were married in Charleston, Illinois, on the 11th instant.

Two celebrated English ministers Derby and Spurgeon, have the gout. Derby is entitled to it, but how did the temperate Spurgeon manage to secure it?

Mr. Brinkley Hornsby, of Johnson county Missouri, has brought suit against General Sterling Price for damages sustained by him in the summer of 1861 in being imprisoned by the rebel soldiers under Price.

The New York *World* remarks: "The senior editor of the *Herald* is said to be growing very obese, but we hope there is no ground for the apprehension evinced in the declaration of the *Herald* yesterday morning, that the necessity is daily becoming more imperious that steps be immediately taken to have Hell Gate effectually opened up."

The McCoole and Jones fight promises to be one of the most interesting affairs of the kind that occurred since the Heenan and Sayres affair. Both men are in training, one in the neighborhood of Cincinnati and the other near St. Louis. If such beastly exhibitions must take place we have only to recur to the old Britannish "may the best man win."

General Joe. Thompson Pitches Into an Editor.

NEW YORK, July 15, 1867.

To the Editor of the Herald:

In your paper of this morning I find an extract from the Yazoo (Mississippi) *Banner*, in which my name appears, with those of other Southern gentlemen, in an abusive and disrespectful article, because we have thought proper to express our sense of duty under the present political condition of the country. I would not notice such an article, had it not appeared in a paper of such vast circulation as yours; but, having published it, please let your readers have the letter which I this day send to the editor of that paper, a copy of which I send you.

Yours, most respectfully,
M. JEFF. THOMPSON.

NEW YORK, July 15, 1867.

Editor of the Banner, Yazoo, Mississippi:

SIR: I see in the New York *Herald* of this day an extract from your paper of the 5th, in which you were, in your opposition to certain letters written by gentlemen of the South, thought proper to use very disrespectful language about your superiors. From the style in which you speak, I judge you to have been one of those miserable, dirty dogs who published an eight by ten sheet during the war for no earthly purpose but to avoid conscription, and who, to cover up their own cowardice, tried to, and in some instances did, break down some of the purest and noblest men in the Confederacy. Probably some of Albert Sidney Johnston's blood is on your hands, and you may be one of the hounds that barked at Joseph E. Johnston, and it may be, if your paper had strength enough and was published to the end of the Confederacy, that many of our mournful mishaps can be partially attributed to your meanness. You should have started earlier, remained longer, endured more hardships, braved more dangers, and surrendered with more regret than either of the gentlemen you name before you should have presumed to have written such an article. I cannot for an instant imagine you to have been a soldier, and suppose you must be a "broken down politician," an "old dog," or "little pup;" and therefore I will let you pass until I return South, when I will inquire into your antecedents, and if you are worthy of notice, I will teach you better manners.

M. JEFF. THOMPSON,
Of New Orleans.

Secretary Seward's Responsibility in Mexico.

From the London Herald, June 29.

* * * After Maximilian, the duty of restoring some principle of government in Mexico devolves necessarily upon those who have prevented the establishment of the empire. The influence of the United States Government has been exercised directly and openly in behalf of what is called the Mexican Liberal party. Juarez, the successor of Maximilian, has attained his position, it may be said, mainly through the countenance of Mr. Seward. For his acts the world will henceforth hold the American Government responsible. We have been told that an imperial dynasty was a barbarous and anti-quated invention for Mexico, and those who prophesied Maximilian's failure have been very busy in insuring the credit of their prediction. Let us see how much better Mexico will be governed by the creature of Mr. Seward and by the native Liberal party which America has preferred.

A Card from the Agent of Santa Anna.

STATEN ISLAND, July 16, 1867.

To the Editor of the New York Herald:

In your estimable paper of to-day appears an article headed "The Filibusters," saying "the friends and partisans of Santa Anna are equally active," etc. As I am the only duly authorized agent of General Santa Anna in this country, I beg you to have it understood that General Santa Anna had not authorized any military expedition against his country while yet in the United States, much less would he sanction any movement to be gotten up to-day, using as a pretext his name. My mission to-day is solely to procure the liberation of the General from his unjust imprisonment, and to place him again on the soil of the United States, and nothing else; and the means that I have employed for that object was to solicit the State Department to interfere, yet I would wish to be free from any suspicion of being mixed up in whatever shape or manner in any filibustering expedition.

G. NAPHEGYL.

An Important Statement About Maximilian's Responsibility.

The Brownsville *Ranchero* of the 2d instant has a letter from San Luis Potosi, June 21, from a correspondent, who says:

"Maximilian was asked, during his trial before the court martial: "Are you willing to acknowledge that you are responsible for all that has occurred in Mexico since the evacuation of the country by the French?" He replied: "No; I am not the responsible party. On the contrary, President Juarez is the person upon whom the responsibility rests. After the French had left I dispatched a messenger to Juarez, and proposed that he grant a general amnesty and give full pardon to all persons that had identified themselves with me and the Imperial cause. This Juarez refused to do, and no other course was left for me than to remain and do all that I could for the protection of a large proportion of the Mexican people."

ENGLISH COSTUME.—A London journal says:

The costume of the fashionable Londoner just now is a marvel, and it is very difficult for those of us whom the conversion of the Tories to household suffrage has not yet prepared for any change, not to break forth into laughter when we see the fair creatures who lately occupied the whole pavement when walking singly, now walking six abreast in garments suggestive of Brighton bathing machines rather than the London streets. They have shrunk up almost to a line, which as mathematicians tell us, has length but no breadth, always excepting their coiffures. It is quite possible now for a woman to be in one street and her chignon in the next. For once the eccentricities of female attire are being copied by the men. They, too, have adopted the swathing system; and one sees neither garments now that are not only inexpressible but inexplicable. How their wearers get into them, how by any process except bandaging these wonderful appendages are donned is a marvel. As to hats, there is a race going on just now between the dandies and our fine ladies to see which can wear the smallest beaver. Next year we shall be compelled to raise all our doorways in order to admit the steeples that will then be in fashion, for 'tis ever the custom of fools to rush into extremes.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW CROP TURNIP SEED.

Just received by express direct from Landreth,

AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE,

379 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

ROSENDALE AND LOUISVILLE CEMENT,
NEW YORK, SANDUSKY AND LAND PLASTER.

For sale at R. G. CRAIG & CO.'S SEED STORE,
379 Main street, in the Jackson Block.

Just Received.

50 CASES CLARET,
20 CASES SHERRY,
50 CASES PORT,
20 BARRELS WHISKY,
XX MADISON ALE, (exclusive agents.)

For sale low to close consignment.

VIBBY & CARTWRIGHT,
311 Main street, above Overton Hotel.

KNABE PIANOS, KNABE PIANOS, KNABE PIANOS.

THESE unrivaled instruments are fully warranted for seven years, and are for sale at

No. 375 MAIN STREET, (Jackson Block.)
MEMPHIS TENNESSEE.
By I. ROPOLD GOEPEL.

Steam Engine Depots.

NORTHEAST corner Main and Monroe streets, St. Louis Missouri; No. 46 South Canal street, Chicago, Illinois.

Keep constantly on hand four, six, eight, ten, twelve, fifteen twenty, twenty-five and thirty horse power Portable Engines. Also, Stationary Engines of all sizes. Call or write for circulars. H. M. AMES.

J. FLAHERTY,
C. D. FLAHERTY, WITH F. WESCHE
FLAHERTY & WESCHE,
Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE

Manufactures all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their FACTORY ON VANCE STREET.

Keep on hand a large assortment of Furniture at LOW RATES.

ALSO,

General Undertakers,

Dealers in METALLIC and WOODEN COFFINS.
Prompt attention paid to Undertaking at all times.
No. 37 Union Street, Memphis, Tenn.

MILLER'S

CAPITOL SALOON,

IN THE REAR OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

THE undersigned will open the above Saloon on (MONDAY, 19th instant, at 10 o'clock a.m., when he will be happy to receive his old friends and the public.

We will at all times keep the finest Wines and Liquors in this country, and among them Old Martell "Med Seal" Brandy and Hermitage Whisky.

GEORGE W. MILLER,
Formerly at Commercial Hotel.

THOS. O. SMITH,

THE C-DET ESTABLISHED

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER

IN THE CITY.

Office 59 Monroe Street, bet. Second and Third,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

SAYRE, PLUMB & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in

SADDLERY

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

142 Poydras Street,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

DIXON & CO., St. Louis, Mo. | J. O. FORD & CO., Memphis, Tenn

COMMERCIAL HOTEL

Cor. Front and Jefferson.

HAVING purchased the interest of Captain J. W. MANGUM in this establishment, in entering upon the duties as Proprietor, I promise that in the future, as in the past, our table will always be supplied with

THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS,

While especial attention will be paid to the general comfort of the guests. My aim is to keep

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL OR NONE.

D. BRYSON,
Proprietor.

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. | J. G. WEBB, Memphis. | JOHN JEFFERSON, Memphis.

H. FITZGERALD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton Yarns, Sheeting and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder, and Printing Paper,

274 Front Street. MEMPHIS

BOOTS AND SHOES.

P. D. TERRY, late Hicks, Terry & Co. | W. R. MITCHELL, Late Cissell Hill, Akin.

TERRY & MITCHELL,

Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Have Removed to

No. 329 Main Street, Eclipse Building.

HAVE received their SPRING STOCK direct from Manufacturers, which will be kept complete, during the season by constant additions.

F. BACHLY,

Manufacturer of Gentlemen's

Boots, Shoes & Gaiters,

NO. 341 MAIN STREET,

MEMPHIS, - - - - - - - TENN

All kinds of Repairing Neatly Executed on Short Notice

FASHIONABLE

Boot and Shoemakers,

LINKHAUER & BRO., Agents.

THIS well known firm is now located at 261½ Second street, between North Court and Madison opposite the Gilliland Block

RICHARD HANKS. | W. J. PORTER.
J. M. KIRTLEY. | WM. M. HANKS.

HANKS, PORTER & CO.,

(BAYLOR R. STEWART, Traveling Agent.)

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 45 VINE STREET,

CINCINNATI, O.

Residence in the Country.

GENTLEMAN and Wife can find board and pleasant accommodations, in a pleasant locality, two miles from depot of Memphis and Charleston railroad. Address Box 320.

CORPORATION NOTICES.

Nicolson Pavement.

Resolved, That the property owners fronting upon the following streets in the city, to-wit: Main, from Auction to South; Poplar, from Front to Corporation line; Jefferson, from Front to Memphis and Charleston depot; Beale, from Shelby to Wellington; Auburn, from Madison to South; Shelby, from Union to South; Charleston avenue, from bayou to Memphis and Charleston depot; Old Madison, from bayou to Memphis and Charleston depot; that they pave said streets from the side walks to the center, or such part of said sides, with the Nicolson pavement, according to specifications in Engineer's office, by the 15th day of August, 1867; and in default, the city will do the same at their cost.

Adopted by the Board of Aldermen July 16, 1867.

Standing Committees.

Be it Ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That any resolution, petition or ordinance that may be referred by this Board to any standing committee, shall be reported upon by said committee within two meetings, or the pre ender shall have the right to remove said resolution, petition or ordinance from the committee, or ask the Board's action on same.

Adopted July 2, and approved July 3, 1867.

W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.

Attest—L. R. RICHARDS, Register.

Public Parks.

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

That, from and after the passage of this ordinance, it shall be unlawful to hold assemblages of any kind in Court or Market Squares, and that the keepers of said Squares are instructed to prohibit large assemblies from congregating in them for any purpose.

Approved May 31, 1867.

W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.

Attest—L. R. RICHARDS, City Register.

Privilege Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

That from and after the passage of this ordinance, privilege licenses for the following business occupations shall be as follows:

For peddling fruits each person shall pay twenty dollars annually.

Stock insurance companies, or every person engaged in said business, shall pay one hundred dollars annually.

Outdoor exhibitions, for gain, shall pay twenty dollars quarterly.

Shows or exhibitions within doors, for gain, shall pay one hundred and fifty dollars quarterly.

On all sums reported over one hundred thousand dollars of groceries, fifteen dollars; and other merchandise, twenty one dollars for each additional ten thousand dollars shall be paid by every firm or person doing business.

All ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

All ordinances or parts of ordinances coming in conflict with any of the provisions of this ordinance, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved May 31, 1867.

W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.

Attest—L. R. RICHARDS, Register.

City Pound.

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis:

SECTION 1. That from and after the passage of this ordinance it shall be unlawful for the owners of dogs, hogs, goats or stock of any kind, (except milch cows,) to allow them to run at large throughout the city.

SEC. 2. The Board of Mayor and Aldermen shall elect a pound keeper every year, or as often as may be necessary, whose duty it shall be to collect such stock found running at large in the city, in which he is impounded all stock found remaining at large throughout the city.

SEC. 3. Said pound keeper may charge not exceeding fifty cents a head per day for dogs, goats and hogs, and not exceeding seventy-five cents a head per day, if called for by the owner, for all other stock impounded, as a remuneration for his services in advertising and keeping up said pound, and shall feed and take proper care of all animals in said pound.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of said pound keeper to keep a book in which he shall enter a description and kind of each animal taken up and impounded in said pound, the precise time of the day and animals are received, and a list of the description and kind of all animals in said pound, and the time they were placed there, which book shall at all times be open for the inspection of the Mayor and member of the Board of Aldermen and Police Commissioners.

SEC. 5. All persons who may have stock or any animal in said pound may, on proving his or her property, and paying the charges, take them out at the point keeper shall have the name and residence of every person to whom stock of any kind be due or owing, and shall collect the charges from the owner when taken away, and the amount paid by them to the keeper for keeping said animal or animals so taken.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the City overseer to destroy all dogs not recaimed in five days after having been inclosed in the pound, and any animal not reclaimed in ten days may be sold for the benefit of the city.

SEC. 7. Said pound keeper shall enter into bonds in the sum of five thousand dollars for the faithful performance of his duties.

SEC. 8. All ordinances or parts of ordinances coming in conflict with any of the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

Approved June 6, 1867.

W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.

Attest—L. R. RICHARDS, Register.

Paving Streets.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

SECTION 1. That there shall be issued City Bonds with interest coupons attached, to the amount of $50,000 for the purpose of paving the streets and alleys of the city, and which shall be denominated "Paving Bonds."

SEC. 2. A board of three Trustees shall be appointed by this Mayor and Board of Aldermen

WANTS.

WANTED—A good cook, white, for a restaurant; a baker, white, to go to Corinth; three men, competent carpenters and workers in wood for saw factory; also, wagon girls; two girls to wash and iron at Corinth, with $12 per month; four girls as cooks and chambermaids, waiters and ironers to go to Lake Springs, $8 per month; three girls to go to Humboldt, two as cook, wash and iron in private families, one to wash and iron in a hotel; all to receive $8 per month. Call at the General Intelligence Office, No. 3 Adams street.
WILLIAM DARDIS.

WANTED—Agents to sell the CRESCENT SEWING MACHINE. Price $15. Sewing Machine dealers will find it greatly to their interest to send for our terms. Address as HASTY & INGRAM, 248 Second street, Memphis.

WANTED—A PARTNER (with a cash capital of $4,000 or $5,000, in a most excellent paying business. For particulars call on or address J. S. SUTTON, No. 244 Third street.

WANTED—A situation at Druggist, by a gentleman who has had eight years of experience in the drug trade and is a competent prescriptionist. Salary not so much of an object for the present as a home. Would accept a situation in any of the towns in the interior of the State. Satisfactory reference given. For further information address "S," Avalanche office.
1y11 sw

AGENTS WANTED—Ten to twenty dollars a day, to introduce our new patent STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. It uses two threads, and makes the genuine Lock Stitch. All other low priced machines make the Chain Stitch. Each Agent furnished with a copy of Letters Patent. Exclusive territory given. Send for circulars.
M. G. BEACH & CO.,
264 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—A Southern lady, thoroughly qualified, desires a situation as a Teacher in a school or Governess in a family. For particulars apply to
M. S. TREZEVANT,
21 Jefferson street, corner Main.

WANTED—Twenty WOOD CHOPPERS and a man to take charge of a wood yard. Apply to
W. J. CHASE & CO.,
27 Poplar street.

WANTED—Employment by two young men, Germans, of excellent character and skill, who are carpenters, yet are willing to engage in any honest occupation. They are to be examined touch by touch, and will work faithfully for a moderate compensation. Apply to F. W. GARKEY, Tennessee, 162 Main street, Memphis.
3mw

APPRENTICE WANTED—To learn the Barber and Hair Dressing business, also Dentistry in all its branches. Persons having a boy, or a young man who would like to learn the business, will find a good situation with board and lodging, by calling on ANTHONY SCHULTZE, No. 87 Main street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A Dwelling House on Monroe street, near Second, containing four rooms and kitchen. Apply to
CHARLES JONES.

FOR RENT—The house 126 Court street, and part of Furniture for sale. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT—Two desirable NEW RESIDENCES, with all necessary outbuildings, on the corner of Dunlora and St. Martin streets. For terms apply to
S.S. LLOYD,
223 Main street.

FOR RENT—Residence, No. 500 Main, street; five rooms in basement and servant's room. None but a good tenant need apply. Terms made known on the premises.

FOR RENT—A nice RESIDENCE on Beal street, south side, third door west of Orleans street, within one square of the Beal street cars. Rent low. Object, a good tenant until 1st of December. Apply at Allen House, corner Washington and second streets; or to
W. W. ALLEN,
231 Main street.

FOR RENT—Four nice Sleeping Rooms. Any one wanting a good and pleasant room can get one cheap by early application to
FRANK SALAMACHIA,
No. 15 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—If you want a neat COTTAGE with five rooms, a good cistern, situated in a neat and healthy locality, then call at Avery street, No. 24, without delay.

FOR RENT—The back ROOM on fourth floor of AVALANCHE Building. Apply at AVALANCHE counting room.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A suit of Rooms, with first class board, for families or single gentlemen, in a private family, by immediate application to 99 Madison street.

BOARDING—For rent, with board, a large, airy, front room, on the house northwest corner Second and Washington streets, No. 191. Apply on the premises, up stairs, to Mrs. SAWYER.

BOARDING—A pleasant ROOM, with board for a gentleman and his wife, at reasonable rates. A few day boarders can be accommodated, at No. 294 Second street, between Gayoso and Beal streets. References exchanged.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—Buggy, Saddle and Wagon Horses and Mules at the Overton Stables, opposite the Overton Hotel. Apply to
JOSEPH M. GIBSON.
1y10-1w

FOR SALE—One STEAM ENGINE, in complete running order, eight inch cylinder, sixteen inch stroke, eighteen horse power. For terms apply to
GEORGE M. GREELEY & CO.,
No. 56 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

FOR SALE—Three BRUNSWICK BILLIARD TABLES, complete order, all complete. Apply to HOPKINS & MONTGOMERY, 272 second street, Ayres' Block.

FOR SALE—A large, first-class, WATER-TANK in good order. Apply at this office.

REWARDS.

$10 REWARD—STRAYED—One large SORREL MULE with short tail, halter turned on left side of face, sore on the left side of his back, eyes sunk deep in his head. The above reward will be paid for the above described mule if left at Ayres's Stable, on Adams street.
FRED A. MYERS.

LOST.

LOST—All persons are warned against trading for a note bearing date some time in May, drawn by C. T. Smith in favor of J. W. Wilcox, and indorsed by said Artye, for one hundred and thirty-six dollars, more or less, thirty days after date. Said note having been lost or stolen, payment is intended to be stopped by this notice.
M. H. McCLURE.

FOUND.

FOUND—Picked up on my place on Brinkley avenue, a RED COW; no special marks. The owner can have her by proving property and paying charges.
EDWARD O'DONELL.

SPECIAL NOTICES. ETC.

INFORMATION WANTED.—Information is wanted of JOHN BOWDEN, a native of Canada, who is said to have been in Memphis last November. Any information of his present whereabouts if living, or his fate if dead, will be thankfully received at this office, and will be cheerfully transmitted to his afflicted widowed mother and his sorrowing brothers in his Canadian home. Southern editors copying this notice, will entitle themselves to the prayers and gratitude of those bereaved hearts in whose interest we make this appeal.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the firm of HICKS & SMITH was dissolved February 19, A. D., 1867, and that the undersigned, purchaser of said firm, at the stable, stock and fixtures, to secure the sum of $1,331; and the public are warned against dealing for said goods, &c., as the same is now in his possession.
E. E. SMITH.

MOTH AND FRECKLES—The only reliable remedy for Moth, Brown Discolorations on the face called Freckles, Pimples and Freckles, is PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by all druggists in Memphis and elsewhere. Price $1 per bottle.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE—B. F. C. BROOKS is authorized to announce the Radical candidacy for Representative in the Lower House of the Legislature from Shelby county.

FOR SENATOR—We are authorized to announce Hon. JOHN W. SMITH as a candidate for re-election as Senator from Shelby and Fayette counties.

FOR CONGRESS—We are authorized to announce Hon. FINIS W. LEFTWICH as a candidate for re-election to Congress.

TUESDAY, : : : : : : : : : JULY. 23, 1867

IT seems there is be no repose for the South. As fast as we get rid of one trouble we are threatened with another. When one swarm of flies sucks its fill, another still more rapacious is heard buzzing in the distance. Since the termination of the war a horde of adventurers have flooded the South, practicing theft, robbery, and all sorts of political villainies, and now we are told by the Radical press that "documents have been distributed, and fifty speakers and organizers have been employed by the Congressional committee, which has raised $77,000 for that purpose. The committee have also defrayed part of the expenses of a hundred and fifty more speakers." So it seems we are to have a corruption fund, taken from the pockets of Shoddy for the purpose of purchasing freemen like so many cattle; and worst of all, we are to have a caravan of two hundred speakers! Good Lord, deliver us! We had rather see so many Gorgons, with their long tusks, impenetrable scales, brass hands and hair of serpents! Has Providence deserted the people of the South that they should be thus scourged? We can stand lice and locusts, but two hundred copper kettles rattling and braying over the South in the shape of Radical speakers is more than human nature can endure. The idea of being visited by such a herd is enough to plunge the whole South into the blackest depths of grief and despair. Let our people in this their greatest hour of woe, prepare themselves with sackcloth and ashes. Is the South never to have repose? Is she to be belabored and becudgeled forever? After four years of unparalleled valor and heroic endurance, the South was crushed by the might of superior numbers. And now, after her sons have been slain, her towns sacked, her fields laid waste, her liberties trampled under foot, and the lives and property of her people placed at the mercy of the soldier, she is to be harassed and bedeviled with a horde of huckstering demagogues, who come among us with their corruption fund, nosing into our affairs, and smelling of the shambles. The people of the South, neither white nor black, need the services of two hundred noisy, blustering demagogues to harrangue them. The Confederate soldiers have submitted to the law which the bayonet is ready to inforce. They are disarmed, and have no other alternative but submission. They are robbed of their liberties, and are honestly, quietly and peaceably endeavoring to make an honest support for themselves and families. The negro is generally in the employ of the Confederate soldier or those who sympathized with the rebellion, and were disposed to make their destiny one and the same, until these Radical emissaries commenced sowing tares of discord. Instead of being called from their labor to hear the incendiary speeches of crazed fanatics, all parties should be picking cotton and attending to their little patches of corn and potatoes. Throw two hundred unscrupulous Radical speakers among the people of the South, with a large corruption fund, and we will soon have a harvest of passion, prejudice and blood. We would have a wretched strife of races in every neighborhood, and the South would be nothing but a boiling cauldron of enmity and hate. Every spark of kind feeling between employers and employed would be crushed out. The negro, now possessing sufficient insolence and defiance, would become hostile and aggressive; riots would be inevitable, and the South would be a hell upon earth. The negro is naturally docile, peaceable and good natured, but send in his midst two hundred Northern emissaries to rant and rage and foam while delivering the inflammatory speeches, urging mortal enmity against the whites, and the bloody scenes of St. Domingo will soon be re-enacted upon Southern soil. If left alone in the fulfillment of their destiny, a most gratifying cordiality of feeling and demeanor will subsist between the two races—but send two hundred fanatics in our midst to inflame the passions of the negro, to incite their cupidity—and an amount of mischief will have been done which it will take years to efface. To prevent such a great calamity we trust the Radical speakers will remain at home where they can find ample opportunity for the exercise of their surplus philanthropy among the millions of white slaves who are groaning in more poverty and a worse bondage than that from which their pet idols of the South have been extricated.

MR. ETHERIDGE is closing up the canvass in East Tennessee. He addressed the people at Newport yesterday and will make his last speech at Kingston Wednesday, the 31st instant. He has made a most brilliant campaign. His speeches every where are represented as master pieces of eloquence and argument—able and elaborate expositions of the great principles involved in the struggle. Mr. ETHERIDGE has been traduced and slandered from the very moment his name was announced, and having faithfully discharged his duty, the Conservatives on the day of the election should gather around him like a wall of fire. He has performed the most extraordinary labor. Indeed, it is surprising the fatigue he is enabled to endure without apparently feeling it. His chief love is for the oppressed people of his unhappy State, and for them he would undertake any labor. In that service he is engaged, and if he shall effectually succeed in rolling back the waves of fanaticism, he will have ample reward for all his solicitude and toil. One thing is certain, Mr. ETHERIDGE has made himself the idol of the enemies of oppression, and whether defeated or victorious, the affections of all good men will forever cluster around his honored name.

GENERAL CARLIN has refused to permit the facts that appeared in the investigation of the Franklin Riot to see daylight. Captain Walsh, of the Freedmen's Bureau, prepared an elaborate report of the affair, having examined every witness, and heard all that both sides had to say. The reporter of the *Banner* called upon General CARLIN, for permission to copy the report, and proceeded to transcribe a page or two, when General CARLIN, who has published a garbled account of the matter, radically one-sided, changed his mind, and positively refused. The *Banner* charges that "General CARLIN's so called official report of the riot is a gross and willful perversion of facts, as ascertained by the officer who made the investigation." No wonder he was unwilling to have his statements and deductions thus *officially* contradicted. It is asserted that his "Radical electioneering document does not contain a single deduction or charge which is not directly refuted in the report prepared by his subordinate." Fine times we live in! What officer, with the rank of General in the old army, would consent to rest for a moment under such an imputation?

General Frank C. Armstrong left Memphis yesterday for Northern States and cities. He proposes to establish agencies for the distribution of Southern plantations, subdivided into farms, along our railway lines, among farming populations of Northern and Western States. General Armstrong for a long time was of General Harney's military family. Well known, therefore, in St. Louis, it is needless for us to commend him to newspaper conductors of that city. He represents the Southern Asylum Land Lottery.

LETTER FROM ALABAMA.

The Crops—Politics—Where to Spend the Summer—The Decatur Bridge—An Incident of Travel.

DICKSON, ALA., July 19, 1867.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: The intense heats of last week in Nashville proved too severe for even my salamander like body, and forced me to retreat to the country, where the sylvan shades and beautiful resorts of this, the most delightful portion of the glorious Tennessee valley, invite to repose and happiness. Whilst in Nashville, I noted an unusual amount of travel was passing through that city. As a guest of your good friend, Mr. Clay Roberts, the very popular host of the best hotel in the country, where the sylvan shades and beautiful resorts of this, the most delightful portion of the glorious Tennessee valley, invite to repose and happiness. Whilst in Nashville, I noted an unusual amount of travel was passing through that city. As a guest of your good friend, Mr. Clay Roberts, the very popular host of the best hotel in the country, the Stacey House, I met with a large number of persons from various sections, and learned much concerning the crops, politics, etc. From every portion of the country the welcome news comes that the earth is teeming with untold wealth of corn, wheat and cotton. From every section of the State the same words are reiterated—that if the vote is counted, the Conservative candidate will be elected. East Tennessee, especially, will not vote Radical. There does not seem to be any alarm or anticipation of riots throughout Middle and East Tennessee on election day.

In this section of Alabama, the registry has given largely the majority to whites. In some portions of the country, between this point and Huntsville, the registered voters are largely composed of blacks. The political tricks and appliances of parties, however, are not being materially operated on voters here, or causing the plantations to be neglected. The crops, therefore, are generally in fine condition, and promise an abundant and gratifying yield.

Where to spend the summer is a pertinent question now, to the greater number of our people in cities, towns and villages. Daily, the trains on the Memphis and Charleston railroad go east and are well filled with parties seeking various Southern resorts. The impecunious condition of the people is forcing them to locate in the cheapest places they can find. A large number of families from the gulf and river cities are enjoying the summer in country villages and at farm houses in Middle Tennessee, North Alabama and Georgia, where board averages from five to ten dollars a week. This is a wise and sensible proceeding on their part, for the generality of the watering places are very unattractive, expensive and very dull, and have but few guests. There are some pleasant exceptions, however. Bailey's is well filled, and has an excellent class of people at present enjoying its festivities. A number of Memphis people, including Mrs. Mat. Gailaway and others, are there, and they report themselves well pleased. The most popular resort, however, in this section is Lookout. There were about a hundred and fifty or more guests at the Lookout Mountain House last week, and the festivities of the resort were of the gayest character. Some thirty or more persons from Memphis were on the register there, and I learn that a considerable portion of them will remain during next month, when there will be about a hundred persons from our section there. The convenience for access to the battlefields and other noted surroundings of Lookout are excellent, and furnish fine opportunity to visit them with the least possible fatigue.

The span of the Decatur bridge, that was blown away by a whirlwind last Friday, has been already repaired, and trains pass over it without delay or danger. The work necessary to complete it has been pushed by day and night with the indomitable energy that characterises the excellent management of the Memphis and Charleston road. This morning yesterday, the accumulated freight on both sides of the bridge has been moved to the various points of its destination.

In the absence of important news, let me recount an incident of travel. When I left Memphis, my charming host, Colonel Cockrell, had me provided with a splendid lunch, that would have been sufficient for a week's journey. Seeing a hungry, cadaverous, dyspeptic individual—my fellow passenger—looking wistfully at the lay out, I invited him to assist me to dispose of it. He took up the top piece of bread, chicken, etc., and after munching it a few moments, he querulously asked me if I didn't have "any butter." To my negative answer, he petulently threw down the lunch, and remarked: "I don't choose to eat any bread unless it has a heap of butter on it! Damn a man that hain't got no butter with his lunch!" I was amazed for a moment, and then decidedly amused. He was a specimen of that class of hospital rats that every soldier in the army has not only vivid recollections of, but also rare stories to tell, of how they had *miseries* and other indescribable things that answered to keep them off duty.

COUSIN NOUMA.

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 22.

One Sorrell, late of the United States navy, was arrested for expressing a desire to blow up the capitol, together with the Members of Congress. He was released on $200 bail.

The defense closed their testimony to-day in the Surratt case. The prosecution will put in rebutting testimony, which will occupy two days.

The quarterly report of the United States National banks, for July 1st, shows resources to the amount of $1,497,483,503 49, wherof $988,100,705 62 is loans and discounts, $9,602,072 97 specie, $102,431,346 96 legal tender notes and fractional currency, $75,466,915 compound interest notes, and $421,867,300 United States bonds. Their profits were $30,586,670 96, and deposits, including government deposits, $751,054,647 19.

ALBANY.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 22.

In the constitutional convention to-day a resolution inquiring into the expediency of prohibiting the authorization by the Legislature of any consolidation of railroad corporations where the aggregate capital of companies, when consolidated, shall exceed $15,000,000, and providing for consolidation in case of written consent of three-fourths of the stockholders, was referred to a special committee.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 22.

The New York *Times* says a detailed account of the execution of Maximillian, and his letter to his wife, as published in Paris, and which the *Figaro* alleges was transmitted by the cabie, is a forgery.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, July 22.

The river is falling, with three feet nine inches in thecanal.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 22.

Bishop Hopkins, of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Vermont, presiding Bishop of the United States, accompanied by his eldest son, Editor of the Church Journal, sails in August, to attend the Parr Anglican Council at London, to be held in September.

Before the Supreme Court was argued to-day the case of James B. F. Cummings, against Jaimes G. Bennett, for an alleged libel, claiming $200,000. Decision reserved.

CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 22.

General Sickles announced the names of Registrars appointed for various registration precints in North Carolina and South Carolina, but fixes no time to begin registration. Each board consists of one colored and two white persons, residents of precincts for which they are appointed.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, July 22.

The cotton prospects continue dubious, owing to the continued rains. The worm has appeared in some districts, and the wet weather has prevented the grass from being cleaned out. The reports generally agree that the present crop will not exceed two-thirds of a crop.

The weather is very sultry, with daily showers. Thermometer 90°.

The weekly mortuary report shows nine deaths from cholera and two from yellow fever.

MONTGOMERY.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., July 22.

Ex-Confederate General Claston issues a call for a convention of Alabama Conservatives, to meet at Montgomery, September 3d. Negroes invited.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 22.

Cotton firm; sales, 3,000 bales; uplands, 27c. Flour steady for fresh ground; other grades dull and declining; superfine State and Western, $6 75 @8 15. Whisky quiet and steady. Corn heavy and lower; new mixed Western, $1@1 02. Oats firmer; Western, 81@85c. Rye nominal. Coffee unchanged. Sugar quiet and unchanged; Cuba, 11¾@12¼c. Molasses quiet; Cuba, 45@53c. Pork active and firmer; new mess, $23 67.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, July 22.

Tobacco dull and heavy, and low grades slightly lower. Hemp nominally unchanged. Flour inactive and 25c lower, XX, $11@12 25; choice, $13@13 50. Wheat, 10@15c lower. Corn higher at 95c to $1 16, whole range. Oats higher, $1@1 06. Rye scarce, $1 40, unasked. Provisions excited and higher. Pork, $23 75@24. Bacon—clear sides, 10c; shoulders held at 12½c; sugar cured hams, 18¾@20c. Lard, 12¾@13¾c. Whisky quiet.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, July 22.

The Flour market is dull, with a decline of 55c; $10@10 75 for family. Wheat dull and lower; No. 1 red, $1 90; Corn dull and advanced 7¾c for No. 1 in bulk. Oats are firmer at 83@86c. Rye dull and unsettled at $1 35. Whisky steady, at 30c in bond. Pork has advanced to $24. Bulk meats higher; 11¾c for shoulders. Bacon higher; 12¾c for shoulders; 14½c for clear rib sides; 15¾c for clear sides. Hams unchanged. Lard dull, at 12½c. Butter firm, at 18@20c.

LOUISVILLE MARKET.

LOUISVILLE, July 22.

Sales 109 hhds tobacco lugs $3 25@5 00; common to medium leaf $6 00 to 16 75; fine lots $20 25. Flour lower; superfine $6@7 50; No. 1 new $12 00. Wheat $1 25 for new. Corn, shelled and delivered, $1 07. Oats 90c. Mess pork advanced to $24 00. Lard active; 12c for tierces; sales 500 tierces at 12¼c. Kentucky bagging 24½c. Bacon—12¾c for shoulders; 15¾c for clear sides; packed fancy hams 20c. Whisky raw, in bond, 30c; new copper distilled 75c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, July 22.

Cotton firm; sales, 600 bales; low middling, 24½@25; receipts, 186 bales. Sugar and molasses unchanged. Stock quiet. Flour quiet; XX, $11 75. Choice, $18 50. Corn firm; yellow, $1 25; mixed, $1 25; white, $1 45. Oats firm at $1 10; stock very light. Pork firm and active at $25; bacon—stock light; shoulders, 13¾; clear sides, 15¾. Gold, 140. Sterling, 51¾@54.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 22.

Money quiet and steady, at 4@6 for call loans; Sterling dull, 10@10¼. Gold 39¾. Government stocks are without decided change. Stocks are generally lower and higher. Western Union Telegraph 49@49¾. Receipts at the sub treasury $8,811,009. Payments $7,812,545. Balance $181,310,085.

MARRIED.

On the 22d instant, at St. Peter's church, by Rev. Father Dowling, PETER MCSHERRY, of the firm of Dunn & Co., to MRS. KATE STACK, of this city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

City Ordinance.

Be it Ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That the property owners fronting upon the following streets in the city, to wit: Main, from Auction to South; Poplar, from Front to the corporation line; Jefferson, from Front to Memphis and Charleston depot; Front, from Poplar to Wellington; from Madison to South; Shelby, from Union to South; Charleston avenue, from the bayou to Memphis and Charleston depot; Second, from the bayou to the Memphis and Charleston depot; that they pave said streets from sidewalks to center on each of said sides with Nicolson pavement, according to specifications in Engineer's office, except upon streets over which run the street railroad. On those streets said owners will pave to within two feet of said track; and upon as d street said railroads will pave within said tracks and two feet on each side, on or before the first day of September, 1867. Also, owners on the following streets, to wit: Second, from Market to Beale; Beale, from Front to corporation line; Union, from Front to Wellington; the north and south sides of Court Square, with the following named streets: Front, from Main to Union street, and the alleys from Front to Main, and from Market to Union street, between Front and Main with stone, according to specifications in Engineer's office, by the 23d of August, 1867. And in default, the city will do the same at their cost.
W. O. LOFLAND,
Mayor.
Attest—L. R. RICHARDS, Register.

City Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen City of Memphis:

That the sanitary ordinance passed at an adjourned meeting on the 11th day of July, 1867, be and the same is hereby repealed; and the ordinance heretofore adopted by this Board and entitled "An Ordinance to Prevent Disorderly Houses," of the 4th day of July, 1867, be and the same is hereby reordained and adopted in full force, except such parts as may conflict with the Metropolitan Sanitary Police.
W. O. LOFLAND,
Mayor.
Attest—L. R. RICHARDS, City Register.

W. E. WARD'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Nashville, Tennessee.

A Superior Boarding and Day School.

POINTS IN THIS SCHOOL.

1. English and Mathematical Course, the same with first class colleges.
2. Pupils Prepared by a French Teacher. German and Spanish next session. Our rates for these, though lower than other schools, will be continued.
3. Latin and Greek, without charge. Latin is vitalic nationality. "It is," says George P. Marsh, "a patriarchion of the genius of universal language."
4. Music made attractive, by seven octave Pianos for practice.
5. School Desks, the new patent style.
6. Æsthetic studies. The beautiful paintings of last year speak for themselves.
7. Good health. The best for drugs for two months was $40 35. Results of good diet, thorough ventilation and fitness of water.
8. Moral Influence. Sacred music in chapel free to all. Pupils worship in the city churches of their choice on the Sabbath.
9. Home Influence. The society of the home—the colloquies of the table—the many insects on polite culture—are indispensable to the purity and valuable of all.

The next session will open on the

FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER.

Catalogues, giving full particulars, furnished on application.
REV. W. E. WARD,
Principal.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE ATHENÆUM,

Columbia, Tennessee.

MRS. F. G. SMITH, Principal,
Assisted by an able and efficient corps of Teachers.

The next session of this School begins on the

FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER.

MANY important changes will be made during the vacation which will add greatly to the comfort and efficiency of the establishment.

Extensive and costly additions have been made to our corps of Teachers, which will enable us to offer as many advantages as any school in the South or West. Our Boarding Department will be at once enlarged to meet an early accommodation of one hundred more pupils than we now last session.

For catalogues and other information, address
ROBERT D. SMITH,
Secretary and Business Manager,
Columbia, Tennessee.
dw

PROCEEDINGS IN BANKRUPTCY.

IT is, perhaps, not generally known that the Supreme Court specifies that all cases in Bankruptcy, when finally closed, are to be bound in separate volumes for record. Hence,

Clinton Rice, Esq., Counselor at Law

And Secretary to the Justices of the United States Supreme Court in Washington, forms, practice and procedure in Bankruptcy, has compiled a manual containing the law and all the rules of the Supreme Court in force in such cases, in a handy printed volume, some 650 pages, and substantially bound in law sheep. Those who may be interested for the special use of the Court and Bar—price $7 50. Also all the forms, with the Real decree printed on fine paper, uniform size, classified numbers and indexed, with notes of practice, and forms for recording decrees, all of which are received direct from Washington, and for sale in quantities desired at No. 197 Main street, Memphis.
C. CHAMBERLIN & CO.

WILLIAM DOUGHERTY,

MARBLE WORKS & MARBLE MANTEL WAREROOMS,

No. 99 Front Street above Market,

HAS now on hand a large stock of Marble Mantels; also the best assortment of Italian Marble grave stones to be found in the city, which he will sell at prices lower than have ever been offered.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of WRIGHT, WILCOX & WRIGHT was dissolved March 4th, by N. B. Wright withdrawing. The business will be continued at the old stand (No. 3 Promenade, Hollott Block), by WRIGHT & A. WILCOX, under the name and style of WRIGHT & WILCOX, who alone are authorized to settle the business of the old firm.
W. P. WRIGHT,
A. M. WILCOX,
N. B. WRIGHT.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY an order of sale, directed to me from the Circuit Court of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, at the May term, 1867, I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Circuit Court room door, in the city of Memphis, on the **first Monday in September, 1867**, within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate as the property of Wesley Cole, to-wit: Lying in said county and State, range 7, section 7, in the Surveyor's district, on West river; beginning at Winfield Cole's southwest corner, thence south with the range line and Taylor's north boundary line to the corner of a 10-acre track, formerly owned and sold by A. Caldwell, Esq.; thence north to Winfield Cole's south boundary line; thence west to the beginning; being about fifteen acres, to satisfy three executions, one in favor of Thomas W. Moore for Wesley Cole, judgment December 21, 1866, $262 58 with costs, and one $285 with cost, and one in favor of Wm. Bender, $64 36, and Wilson, judgment June 3, 1867. This July 23, 1867.
By E. W. CALDWELL, D. S. P. M. WINTERS,
Sheriff of Shelby County.

Trust Sale.

BY virtue of a trust deed, made to me by A. M. F. Logan, of February 22, 1867, to secure to Hiram Levy the payment of certain notes therein specified, I am directed by the said Levy to offer at public sale to the highest bidder, for cash, on Thursday, August 29, 1867, between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock, at the saleroom of Royster, Trezevant & Co., No. 278 Second street, in the city of Memphis, the following described lot of ground on the south side of Poplar street, fronting twenty-four feet on Poplar street one hundred and forty-eight and a half feet, being part of lot No. 4. The title is believed to be good, but I sell as Trustee only.
JOHN T. TREZEVANT,
Trustee.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY an order of Court, directed to me from the Circuit Court of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, I will sell at the Court House door, in the city of Memphis, a certain lot of land, with all the improvements, to satisfy an execution in favor of J. C. Walker, and against J. G. Finney, returned at the May term, 1867, judgment June 28, 1867, for $94 and cost of suit, and described as follows, to-wit: Situated on the Memphis and Ohio railroad, nine miles east of Memphis, in section 4 and 5, range 4, of the 11th Surveyor's district of said county, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of a 200 acre tury, in the name of Samuel McKinney, thence west 91 poles and 9 links to the range line, thence south with the range line 95 poles and 21 links to a stake, the southwest corner of Andrew Thomas', compact claim, thence east with Thomas' south boundary line 151 poles 15 links to a stake, from which stands a pine and hickory (as marked) J. J., thence at poles 15 links to a stake, from which stands 19 cast 41 links a black gum marked J., thence east 45 poles 16 links to a stake, thence north 40 poles to the McKinney's north-west corner, thence west 61 poles to a stake standing, east and west from two white walnuts 4 links from, thence south 80 poles to a stake, thence west 126 poles to a stake in the east boundary of an entry in the name of McKinney, thence north with McKinney's east boundary line to the beginning, supposed to be 87½ acres. July 15, 1867.
By E. W. CALDWELL, D. S. P. M. WINTERS,
Sheriff of Shelby county.

Saint Mary's School.

MRS. MARY E. POPE,

RETURNED to Memphis, will open her School in the house occupied by Mr. Hines, next door to St. Mary's Church, Poplar street, and asks of her friends and the public the confidence and favor of past years.

L. C. GLOVER, M. D.

ECLECTIC SYSTEM.

OFFICE-TWENTY-ONE years experience in general practice. Bills made moderate.

OFFICE:

At Virginia House, Adams Street,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

R. F. CAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS,
From Nashville, Tennessee,

GENERAL UNDERTAKERS

No. 317 Second Street, near Monroe,
MEMPHIS, TENN

ALEX. MURRAY. R. S. RIDGELY.

MURRAY & RIDGELY

(Late of Alexandria, Va.)

MERCHANT TAILORS,

NO. 8 MADISON STREET,

ARE just opening an entirely new stock of

Merchant Tailoring Good

We make every garment ourselves, and will guarantee satisfaction guaranteed in every respect.

FRANKLIN JOB PRINTING HOUSE

FINE PRINTING. AT LOW PRICES.

NO. 15 WEST COURT STREET,

S. C. TOOF, Prop'r.

CARDS, BILL HEADS, CIRCULARS, LETTER HEADS, ENVELOPES, BILLS OF LADING, DRAY TICKETS, LABELS, DRAFTS, NOTES, RECEIPTS, BOOKS AND EVERY KIND OF

MERCANTILE PRINTING

Executed in the best manner and

AT THE LOWEST RATES.

Orders are respectfully solicited and the most perfect satisfaction given in all cases.

County Court of Shelby County.

Estate of James T. Person, deceased.

AS administrator of T. J. Vandeville, deceased, who was administrator of James T. Person, deceased, I have fixed a final settlement of the estate of said Person, so far as said Vandeville executor aforesaid, or I, as his legal representative, am by law required to do. All parties are hereby notified that I will ask for a confirmation of said settlement at the September term of said County Court.
D. HUNTER,
Administrator of T. J. Vandeville, deceased.

Notice.

THE firm of BENDER & MCMAHON is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either of the firm are authorized to use the firm name in settlement. All those indebted to said firm will please call and settle at the old stand, 306 Main street, Wm. Bender will continue the business.
WM. BENDER,
W. H. MCMAHON.

MCMAHON & CO. will continue a general commission business. Office for the present at W. Bender's, 306 Main street.
MEMPHIS, July 13, 1867.

WM. A. ROBINSON & CO.,

POUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,

Opposite Gayoso House,

MEMPHIS TENN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NASHVILLE.

CAPITAL.....$200,000

FIRE, Marine, Hull and Inland Transportation Risks taken at Equitable Rates. Losses fairly adjusted and promptly paid.
JOHN LELAND, Secretary.
JOSEPH MASH, Secretary.
W. J. THOMAS, Vice President.
OWEN, MOORE & WEST, Agents,
Office, 279 Madison street.

Insolvent Notice.

Of Estate of William H. Chambers, in County Court of Shelby County.

THE insolvency of the estate of William H. Chambers, deceased, having been suggested, all persons to whom said estate is indebted, or who have claims with the Clerk of Shelby county, property authenticated, on or before the 10th of January, 1868, of the same will be forever barred.
MARY H. CHAMBERS,
Administratrix of Wm. H. Chambers, deceased.

J. T. PETTIT & CO.,

Cotton Factors

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

15 Union Street, Up Stairs.

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an interlocutory decree entered in the cause of John Harbert vs. T. J. Cash et al., in the Chancery Court of Memphis, directing me to sell certain personal property levied on and returned to said cause, I will, on **Monday, the 26th day of July, 1867**, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m., offer and sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the store house of Miles & Stoddard, No. 221 Main street, Memphis, Tennessee, the following described property, to-wit: A lot of household furniture, consisting of beds, bedsteads, tables, stoves, kitchen ware, and a lot of new fur ture, etc.; attached in the above cause as the property of defendants therein, and held in obedience to said interlocutory decree.
P. M. WINTERS,
By JAMES P. LANFORD, D. S. Sheriff of Shelby County.

A. F. DAVIS,

PRACTICAL HOUSE & SIGN PAINTER.

GILDING, GRAINING, GLAZING.

Paper Hanging, Kalsomining, Etc.

38 Union Street, Between Main & Second,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

C. W. METCALF,

Attorney at Law,

Over No. 286 Main Street, Bethell Block.

GARDEN AND DAIRY LANDS

For Sale at Great Bargains.

WE offer at private sale, and at very low prices, about ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND belonging to Charles Jones, Esq., in that celebrated Garden Region, on the New Raleigh road, two miles southeast of the city, subdivided into lots of from THREE TO SIX ACRES EACH—some partially or wholly cleared, and some heavily timbered. The great fertility of these lands, and their convenient distance from the city, offer the most advantages for Market Gardening and Dairies, the neighborhood consuming mostly of those who have grown rich in those departments. They will be sold upon the following very easy terms:

Third Cash, balance in One and Two Years Time, with Interest.

Plans may be seen at our office, and we will be ready at any time to show the lands. Mr. Jones has instructed us to sell, and we shall give to purchasers as favorable terms as can be offered.
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

Public Sale of a Valuable Beal Street Lot.

WE are instructed to sell to the highest bidder, FOR CASH, WITHOUT RESERVE,

On Saturday, August 24th,

That very desirable lot on south side of Beal street, being the first vacant lot east of Dodson street, 50 feet front by 175 feet depth; a beautiful piece of property.
Sale at 3 o'clock at our saleroom.
Until day of sale the property will be open to private bids.
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

Memphis & Little Rock Railroad.

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1867, trains will leave HOPEFIELD at 7 a. m., arriving at Ten Mile Bayou at 8:15 a. m.
Returning—Leave Ten Mile Bayou at 5:30 p. m. and arrive at Hopefield at 6:45 p. m.
On TUESDAYS and SATURDAYS a train will leave Ten Mile Bayou at 8:30 a. m., arriving at Hopefield at 9:45 a. m.
Returning—Leave Hopefield at 4 p. m., and arrive at Ten Mile Bayou at 5:15 p. m.

The Round Trip from Memphis, $1 50.

The ferryboat NEVADA will make close connection with all trains.
J. L. MEIGS,
Chief Engineer.
Ledger and Post copy.

North Carolina Herrings.

H

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

TUESDAY, : : : : : : : : JULY. 23, 1867

LOCAL NEWS.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	10:55 P.M.	4:30 A.M
Through Mail Daily	1:00 P.M.	4:30 P.M
Somerville Accommodation Daily, (Sundays excepted)	8:30 A.M.	2:30 P.M

Ticket office, 274 Main, corner of South Court street.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express	2:05 A.M.	10:30 A.M
New Orleans Mail	2:45 P.M.	4:30 P.M
Freight daily, except Sunday	3:45 P.M.	4:00 A.M

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	10:45 A.M.	4:30 P.M.
Night Express	2:00 P.M.	4:30 P.M.

GENERAL FRANK P. BLAIR, of Missouri, and others, will address the people on the political issues of the day, at the following times and places, to-wit:

Jackson, Wednesday, July 24.
Bolivar, Thursday, July 25.
LaGrange, Friday, July 26.
Somerville, Saturday, July 27.

HON. J. W. LEFTWICH'S APPOINTMENTS.

The Hon. Jno. W. Leftwich and others will address their fellow citizens at the following times and places, (commencing at eleven o'clock each day), to-wit:

Portersville, Tipton county, Tuesday, July 23.
Cuba, Shelby county, Wednesday, July 24.
Bartlett, Shelby county, Thursday, July 25.
Galloway, Shelby county, Saturday, July 27.

His opponent, the Hon. D. A. Nunn, is respectfully and urgently invited to be present and participate in the discussion.

SAM. P. WALKER,
Chairman Eighth Central Executive Committee.

TO THE COUNTRY PRESS.—The proprietors of the AVALANCHE are prepared to furnish a fine quality of printing ink, black and colored, at Eastern prices, for cash. In ordering, let the kind of press used be stated. tf

The damaged stock of clothing, boots and shoes ladies' and gent's furnishing goods, at Mr. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, must be closed out in the next ten days.

Don't forget the old reliable Schwoob Restaurant, No. 18 Adams street, where can be had the best the market can afford. The kitchen and dining room is under the management of the well known caterer, Sam Harmon. Also, a few furnished rooms for rent, with or without board, at a reasonable rate. tf

Cheapest bleached and brown domestics, and boots and shoes at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro's., No. 231 Main street.

Gent's fine linen coats at two dollars and fifty cents, beautiful pants at one dollar and seventy-five cents at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro's., No. 231 Main street.

Gentlemen, look at those cheap white shirts, undershirts and drawers, socks, etc., at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 213 Main street, all of which must be closed out within the next ten days.

Fine lawns and choice barages and mozambiques at twenty cents, at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro's., Clay Building.

Hard cases of rheumatism can be cured by using the great Hesperian Liniment. For all external applications its effects are truly wonderful. Price only twenty-five cents. For Sale by Ward & LeGuere, and Nipgen & Reakirt.

WM. DENCH & Co.,
2 Proprietors.

M. Kraus & Co.'s (No. 213 Main street) damaged stock of dry goods must be sold within the next ten days.

Good calicoes ten cents, at J. H. Lowenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street.

Cambric handkerchiefs ten cents, at J. H. Lowenstine & Bros., Clay Building.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL UNDER A COMPETENT INSTRUCTORS.—Mrs. Letitia May will open a select school for young ladies on Monday, September 2d, 1867, in the basement of the Christian Church, on the corner of Linden and Mulberry streets. The French department of this school will be under the care of Major May, late of the Confederate army, assisted by his daughter, Miss S. F. May, who has been two years in France. French will be spoken exclusively in this department. A liberal patronage on the part of the public is respectfully solicited.

Ladies, look at those cheap domestics and tenfor' sheetings at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street. They must be closed out within the next ten days.

Official Drawing of the Missouri State Lottery.

CLASS 443, DRAWN JULY 22, 1867.

70, 19, 25, 57, 78, 1, 73, 65, 32, 37, 35, 62, 74.

CLASS 444, DRAWN JULY 22, 1867.

48, 29, 19, 39, 28, 3, 57, 17, 45, 63, 74, 36.

Drawn twice each day. Over $100,000 in prizes paid each day. Prizes are *all cash*. Tickets cost from twenty-five cents to twenty dollars. Call or send for circular.

GEO. W. VAN VOAST, Agent,
20 and 52 Jefferson, 22 Gayoso and 6 Water streets.

The last chance for cheap damaged goods at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 231 Main street. They must be closed out within the next ten days.

Ed. Worsham, 22 Jefferson street, received by last night's mail the Police Gazette, Police News, Sunday Mercury, Harper's Weekly, German Frank Leslie, London News, London Weekly Times, and also the Art Journal for July. Ed. sells it for $1 25. Give Ed. a call.

The newly appointed Board of Health are requested to meet at Dr. Knode's office, No. 440 Main street, in Waldron Block, at 10½ a.m. to-day, Tuesday, July 23d, 1867.

J. R. FRAYSER.

TRANSFER OF REAL ESTATE.—Charles D. McLean to Margaret J. LeClerc, deed, $300, lot No. 19, block No. 6, on original plan of the town of Fort Pickering.

Paul Garvin to B. F. Dowell et al, tax title deed, lots No. 33, 36, 38 and 41 on Auction street.

Same to same, lots No. 33, 34, 36 and 41, on same street.

GENERAL FRANK. BLAIR.—We have already announced that this distinguished officer and orator would address the people of Somerville at the great barbecue there on the 27th inst. He has several appointments, which we shall enumerate, and we call upon our friends to see that he has large audiences. He will speak at Brownsville to-day; at Jackson to-morrow; at Bolivar on Thursday, and at LaGrange on Friday. On the 31st he is expected to be in Memphis.

VERY WARM WEATHER.—The Headquarters kept by Ferguson and Hornibrook, at No. 40 Jefferson street, is a model institution. It is kept on the best principles, and all the appliances of a princely drinks, especially adapted to this warm weather, as well as all the standard stimulants. Those who desire good liquors will find this the right place.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—The following cases will be called up for trial to-day:

315. Newbitt vs Thompson et al.
316. Morris vs Rees.
317. Shaw vs Winters et al.
318. Appeal. Griffith vs Cogwell.
319. " Conner vs Granger.
320. " Shaw & Co vs Duffie et al.
321. " Same vs Thrasher.
322. " Same vs Crees.
177. " Paul vs Livingston et al vs Griffing, Toby & Co.
208. Warren & Co. vs Lighbourne & Co.

THE GRAVEST MALADIES OF YOUTH AND EARLY MANHOOD.—Howard Association Essays, on the physiology of the passions, and the errors, abuses and diseases peculiar to the first age of man, with reports on new methods of treatment employed in this institution. Sent by letter envelope, free of charge. Address Dr. J. Skillin Houghton, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 3m

Emmons & son, No. 10 Jefferson street, have received Harper's Weekly, Police Gazette, London Daily Times, Country Gentleman, Scottish American, London Weekly Times, Scientific American, Round Table, Day Book, Waverly Part, Catholic World, Le Bon Ton, Old Guard, all for August; and the London Art Journal, for July. Just received: Army and Navy Journal, Hours at Home, for August; Builder, for June; German Leslie, Gleason's Companion, French Courier, Saturday Literati, New York Mercury, and Late Italian papers, Boston Investigator.

Ladies, don't fail to look at M. Kraus & Co.'s (213 Main street) damaged stock of dry goods. They must be closed out within the next ten days.

Receipts of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad for Saturday, July 23.

Williamson, Hill & Co, 1 bale cotton and lot of hides; Orcutt & Co, do do; Wormsley, Joy & Co, 6 do do; Harris, Cochran & Co, 1 do do; Peter Miller, 1 do do; A B Treadwell, 1 car lumber; Taylor, McEwen & Biew, 1 do do; Cubbins & Gunn, 3 do do; Newton, Ford & Co, 50 bags wool; George Phillips & Co, 1 lot hides; Brown, Dillard & Co, 2 casks; James H Lester, 73 barrels lime; Traders, 80 ½ do fish; Edmonds, Pettigrew & Co, 80 caddies tobacco; E B Howard, lot eggs, chickens, butter and appples.

WORSHAM HOUSE.—Since this popular establishment has been under the auspices of its present most excellent manager, Mr. C. B. Galloway, it has wonderfully advanced in the estimation of the public. The table is spread most generously, the waiters are extremely attentive and alert, and everything else exceptionable. The rooms are large, airy and elegantly furnished. The house, itself, is in the very center of business, convenient to all the main thoroughfares of the city. It is filled by guests from all sections, who are loud in their praise of the magnificent entertainment provided, and the courtesy and attention manifested in every department. Mr. Galloway has shown himself to be a most accomplished landlord, and under his judicious management the "Worsham" cannot be otherwise than a successful and prosperous institution.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY.—Yesterday morning, between the hours of two and three o'clock, an attempt was made on No. 165 Washington street. The barking of a dog within the house awakened the owner, who distinctly saw the would be robber at the window, and could have shot him, but, unfortunately, had left his revolver at his place of business. The negligence of which he will not be guilty again. Although the police was loudly called for, there did not seem to be any in the vicinity, for none appeared in answer to the call.

Rally Conservatives!!

The Committee of the Fifth Ward earnestly request the Conservatives of the Ward—white and colored—to attend the meeting to be held at the Criminal Court room, on Second street, on Wednesday night, the 24th instant. Messrs. Coleman, Cameron, Bullock and others will address the meeting. W. T. Thurmond, T. W. O'Donnell and P. F. Bilbow, special Committee, request Committees of other Wards to be present for the purpose of a conference as to the best interests and advancement of the Conservative cause.

JOHN P. TOMP,
DANIEL HAWLEY, President.
Secretary.

IVERTSAS.

Times are reported very dull at Little Rock.

Sam Pool, a colored man, was fined fifty dollars, yesterday, for beating his wife.

Johnny Burns was arrested for assaulting and battering a female.

The work of paving Madison street has been spiritedly begun. The Wall street of Memphis will soon be one of the finest thoroughfares in the city.

The physician of the late Empress Carlotta is about to open an office in this city for the practice of his profession.

A Mrs. Menger, who resides on Gayoso street, had her pocket picked yesterday of a purse containing thirty dollars.

The boarding house of Mrs. Yeamer, No. 178 Main street, was robbed of $150 worth of valuables on Sunday night.

The boarding house of Mrs. Davis, near the Charleston railroad depot, was robbed of $75 worth of valuables on Sunday night.

Officer Angelo arrested yesterday a man named Gray, who had in his possession a horse stolen near two years ago from Mr. Bishop.

A gentleman just from Hot Springs, Arkansas, says there are two hundred and fifty visitors at that famous summer resort.

One of the refugee soldiers of the late Imperial army of Mexico, named Jacob Rapp, was found in the street sick and destitute, and was sent to the Hospital by officers Cusick and Dwyer.

There will be a meeting of the citizens of the Fifth ward on Wednesday evening, to swell the ranks of the Etheridge club in that ward.

The Board of Aldermen will meet this afternoon. The selection of an Alderman for the Sixth Ward will be one of the subjects under consideration.

The house of Mr. Benj. Crooks, our Third street, was entered by burglars on Sunday night, and property to the amount of three hundred dollars carried off.

There was on Sunday a base ball match between the Atlantic and Active clubs. The score at the close stood: Atlantic, 17; Active, 1. The affair broke up in an angry dispute.

The clever Asa Hill, Esq., Passenger Agent of the Memphis and Ohio railroad, arrived at home yesterday, after a brief excursion to the capital of Arkansas.

A negro, named Albert Peel, was arrested for stealing seven dollars and a silver watch from John Black, another person of the colored persuasion.

A little daughter of Mrs. Kelly, who resides on Center alley, fell from a third story window yesterday afternoon, and was badly hurt. Her injuries were cared for by Dr. O. H. Stanley.

A correspondent suggests that the protests, at the recent Radical meeting, of certain parties that they could not vote for Mr. Ware because he was once a slaveholder, came with a bad grace from persons who hurrah for Nunn and Brownlow.

A poor laboring man worked, not long since, for the corporation a month and was paid fifty-one dollars in city scrip. On last Saturday he sold this scrip for twenty-nine dollars cash. This was all he could realize for his month's work.

The popular George W. Upright, of the Memphis and White River Packet Company, arrived here yesterday on the steamer Rowena. Conductor Clarke says there is no necessity for publishing George Upright's arrival, as everybody is sure to know it any way.

A gentleman writing from Washington says that Chief Justice Chase complains that there is more bickering and strife over the Register of Bankruptcy in this district than over all the others in the United States.

A woman named Mrs. Carpenter, who resides on Hernando street, was on Sunday morning kindling a fire, when she used kerosene oil to start it, but the oil in the can caught fire and exploded, burning her horribly.

An amicable arrangement has been made, it is said, by which there are to be two Radical judges and one Conservative at each poll on election day. There are to be two challengers of each party at each poll. The polls are to be, as usual, in each ward.

On Saturday evening a colored man seized a pair of shoes in a store near Beale street market and started off with them. Several officers chanced to be near by, and they made such hot pursuit that the thief dropped a bundle he had under his arm, but effected his escape with the shoes. The bundle that he dropped was found, on examination, to be a package of Saturday's Radical paper.

An illustration of the curious way in which things come about it is stated that the announcement of the nomination of J. A. Hamilton, Esq., by the Radical Convention, and discussions growing out of it relative to the suit of Parks against Hamilton in the United States Court, led to such developments as had induced other parties to take preliminary steps for bringing a suit for forty-three thousand dollars.

The vacancy in the Board of Aldermen caused by the resignation of Mr. Townsend, has not yet been filled, as Captain Church will, it is said, decline the position. P. A. Cicalla, Esq., has been suggested as a gentleman whose appointment would gratify many citizens. Some other good men have been named in connection with the place.

United States Collector Rolfe Sanders, Esq., has just made two important seizures for alleged violations of the United States Revenue law. One of the seizures was of the rectifying establishment of R. Labe, on Second street, worth some $10,000. The other was the distillery of J. Woll, on Wolf river, three miles from the city, estimated to be worth $20,000.

A cutting through Third street to the bayou, near the track of the Memphis and Ohio railroad, was commenced on the west bank of the bayou between Second and Third streets. This was an excellent sanitary measure. It is to be hoped that the new Sanitary Board, composed, as it is, of first class gentlemen, will carry out such means for protecting the health of the city.

A gentleman who claims to be familiar with the past career of Barbour Lewis, states that he was formerly the owner of slaves, and was by no means too lenient in his treatment of them. Can this be true? Did he ever get rid of some big hypocrite, make up this Brownlow party, Brownlow, Nunn, Smith and Barbour Lewis, all slaveholders, all noted for severity to their slaves, all leaders of a party whose orators are applauded when they declare they have sworn never to vote for a man who was once a slaveholder.

A number of Conservative colored men have informed the officials that they desire to vote for Etheridge, but are afraid they may be assailed for doing so, as colored Radicals have threatened "to go for any colored man who goes against Brownlow." The officials have informed them that they shall be efficiently protected in exercising their rights as freemen. Would it not be well to bring such attempts to intimidate to the knowledge of the grand jury?

A private letter from Maysville, Kentucky, referring to the moral condition of the freedmen in that section, mentions the killing of a negro who had brutally treated two white girls. He was pursued, refused to surrender, and was shot dead. One of the girls was only six years of age. A black man, who had lived Jacob Tabb's barn, was setting fire to the house, when he was arrested.

The musical and elocutionary entertainment for the benefit of the widows and orphans this evening at the Memphis Club Hall will be a rare treat. The music on the occasion will be furnished by Messrs. DeSoge, Smith, Powell, Phillips, Williams and Professor Hoffe. The declamations will be by Messrs. James McKeon, Frank Pope, H. Seessel, E. Lehman, L. Lonbris, G. M. Strauss and J. Seessel. There will be a flute solo by Mr. Tomlinson, a comic song by Mr. F. A. Ryan, and other exercises by well known and popular gentlemen.

A correspondent sends us a lengthy communication in reference to the allowance of fifteen dollars a month by the County Commissioners for rent of an office for the chancery practice of Judge Waldron. The point seems to be that Judge Waldron only gets twenty-five hundred a year, while other Judges have been provided with inferior accommodations for chamber practice, or built their own rooms, while Waldron is allowed only fifteen a month toward the rent of an office, and pays forty dollars a month additional out of his own pocket. Every Judge should have an office for chamber practice, and it should be contiguous to the court room, and not be used as a law office.

During the religious services in the colored church known as Army Chapel on last Sunday, a drunken colored man, named Tom Herbert, came there and announced that "the white folks had made it up to murder all the black people at the different churches. Twenty white desperadoes were to go," he said, "to one church, and twenty to another, and slay all. He had heard them make it up and start for Army Chapel." Such announcement caused much alarm. Some intelligent colored men declared their opinion that there was not the slightest foundation for the story, and this prevented a general stampede. At the suggestion of respectable colored men, Herbert was yesterday arrested and fined fifteen dollars for disturbing a religious meeting. He admitted that the whole affair was a fabrication, but said he was very drunk.

The County Commissioners evinced their love for economy, on Saturday last, by creating another new office. A German, who is reputed to be honest and well meaning, but who is a little wild, was put on the police. In the Loyal League on Monday night he declared that the only way out of it he dared to denounce Beaumont, and he was at once sheared of the police. As this might put the Radical party with the Germans he was put on as one of the guards of the jail, but the Radical organ blunderingly tried to make a point on the guarding of the jail, and consequently the number of guards had to be reduced. The German Radical was finally to be left out in the cold, and so a petition was prepared for him. I Director of the Burial of Paupers, at a salar $125 a month. There are half a dozen officials have plenty of leisure to perform his duties which could have done them without extra ex to the county, but the place had to be made Nell put into it.

Two members of the medical profession in this city have had for some time a little ill feeling toward each other. On the Sunday they met, and a trifling incident led to a quarrel. Each was armed—each brave. The quotation, "Twice is he armed who hath his quarrel just," rushed to the mind of each, and without a moment's hesitation they drew their revolvers and plumped each other. One was shot through the hand. The other received a flesh wound in the thigh. They promptly determined that the matter should be kept very secret, and that they would settle the difficulty by a duel, relation to which the preliminaries were discussed yesterday. This thing of doctors trying to kill each other, at a time when their services are in demand, is absurd—it is worse—it is a wrong to the community. Besides, this thing of doctors killing each other with pistols, is not *secundum artem*. Taking each other's prescriptions would certainly be more appropriate.

IMMENSE FIRE ON SUNDAY.

The Loss Over $150,000—Insured for $65,000.

The buildings at the south end of the Navy Yard, took fire on last Sunday, and an immense destruction of property ensued. The general warehouse of Messrs. J. B. Christian & Co., and the tobacco warehouse and factory of Messrs. Crowder & Co., were the principal buildings destroyed. There was a strong wind blowing at the time, and most of the property there being of a combustible character, the flames spread with great rapidity.

The *Evening Ledger* states that "Christian & Co.'s warehouse contained upward of three hundred bales of cotton, owned or represented by the following named parties. All save that of Mr. Tighe were understood to be insured: Edmonds, Todd & Co., 45 bales; Stratton, Goyer & Co., 13 bales; Kennedy, Williams & Russell, 64 bales; Joseph Tighe, 20 bales; John Newsom, 13 bales; D. H. Townsend, 60 bales; Pierce, Park & Co., 6 bales; J. & J. Steele, 10 bales; Bartlett, Gould & Blakemore, 35 bales; Keel & Co., 15 bales; J. H. Griffin, 2 bales; W. B. Glisson, 15 bales—total, 298 bales. Total value, about $32,000. Messrs. Cox & Humphrey, Howard's Row, had in store nearly 1600 barrels of salt, a small portion of which was saved. The hay (about 300 bales) belonged to Messrs. Davis & Norton. None of it was saved. Mr. J. J. Worsham had furniture valued at between $5000 and $6000, and Mr. J. J. Hawlings about $1500 worth, stored in this warehouse. All lost, but insured. Messrs. Treat & Hamilton lost 1000 plows which had been stored there. Their loss is about $6000—covered by insurance. Mr. Joseph Tighe had a large lot of tarpaulins stored in the building, on which there was no insurance. Messrs. Bartlett, Gould & Blakemore lose about $300 worth of lumber, and Messrs. Patton & Bro. tobacco in hogsheads valued at several thousand dollars. The latter gentlemen were insured.

Only the books in Crowder & Co.'s were saved. Their machinery and stock were valued at $35,000, on which they had $20,000 insurance in the Ætna.

Subjoined is the insurance, as furnished us by the agencies:

Littleton's—Underwriters' Company, of New York, $16,800 on 5,830 barrels salt; Ætna, $5,000 on tobacco; Hartford, $6,000 on tobacco; total $27,800.

Peoples' Insurance Company—$5,000 on Crowder & Co.'s stock, and $4,000 on cotton on Christian & Co.'s; total, $9,000, and first loss sustained by the company.

DeSoto Insurance Company—On cotton in Christian & Co.'s shed, $7,000.

Fredenburg's—Enterprise, $2,500; Putnam, $2,500; total, $5,000.

Phenix Insurance Company, on furniture, $100.

Clark's (Arctic and International), on cotton, $7,000.

Tennessee Mutual, on Christian & Co.'s building, $10,000.

Hernando Insurance Company, on cotton in Christian's, $6,000.

We have not learned of losses sustained by any other companies. Those mentioned above foot up $65,000.

The buildings were owned by Messrs. Christian & Co., the only insurance being the $10,000 in the Tennessee Mutual above mentioned. A great portion of this loss will fall upon our old and esteemed fellow citizen, Colonel L. V. Dixon, who was half owner of the buildings, and on whose portion there was no insurance."

When the tobacco factory was burning, a hundred dollars was offered to the firemen if they could rescue the safe. Some of No. 2's men made the attempt, but the smoke nearly smothered them and they had to come out. They kept the water on that part some time.

No. 2 Fire Engine got seven sections of hose burnt at the fire.

Two cisterns were run dry by efforts to extinguish the conflagration, and only the large one in the Navy Yard held out.

The fire lasted nearly five hours. The men in the Navy Yard worked at it for some time with a hand engine before the fire engines got there.

It is supposed by some that children who were playing with matches accidentally set fire to the new building in the rear of the tobacco factory, as the flames, when first discovered, were from burning hay in an adjoining wooden shed.

The entire loss of Crowder & Co. will not fall short of $60,000.

CHOLERA AND DIARRHŒA REMEDY.—Our attention has been called to a preventive and remedy for the scourge of summer, cholera morbus, which at this season is so prevalent, when the appetite is too often seduced by immature fruits and crude vegetables. It is called Cartwright's Remedy and has been prepared on purely scientific principles, by an experienced and thoroughly educated physician. Taken in time, it prevents the cholera morbus or dysentery from running into cholera, and should be in every house. It costs but one dollar per bottle, and is agreeable to the taste, being altogether composed of diffusive stimulants. We take pleasure in commending this remedy, which, unlike ordinary nostrums, is calculated to perform the offices for which it has been provided, and can be relied on in checking even very obstinate cases of dysentery. It may be found at the principal drug stores.

Deliberate Suicide at Haile's Point.

HAILE'S POINT, July 20, 1867.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: On yesterday, about noon, a man named John D. Bauta, who had been here for some weeks, deliberately jumped into the river and drowned himself. He was, by our Mr. Pierce, Mr. Burton being absent, suspected of a futile attempt to rob our safe, as it was in proof that he had entered Mr. Pierce's room and taken one of the keys out of his pocket, the other being with our most excellent clerk, Mr. E. S. Thurmond, in the office, and he failed to gain access to it.

He was working at our warehouse, and knew there was a large amount of money for express transit and individual means in the safe. He attempted to escape on the Belle St. Louis, and Mr. Pierce demurred thereto, whereupon he asserted he would not be arrested, and deliberately committed the rash deed. He had upon his person some money; was a man about forty-two years of age; was a fine workman, a gentleman in his deportment, and a man of extensive information. He evidently had been much upon the sea, and was a Scandinavian. He had been to Little Rock, Lexington, and put up machinery for Messrs. Hayden & Co., near Galloway's Station; was in correspondence with Rochester, Cincinnati, and Covington, and owed $1 50 as shown by his letters. It appears that he late[ly] was with Captain Slate, as a boarder, at Galloway Station. He evidently has a wife and family. If you see proper to make mention of the matter, so as his friends may know what has become of him, and make such further inquiry as may be by them desired, you can gather enough from the above. The act was cool and most deliberate, in the presence of three gentlemen, and in only to thirty feet water.

Respectfully yours,
BURTON & PIERCE.

A Deeply Exciting Biography.

"Partisan life with Mosby," by Major John Scott, a gallant Confederate soldier, is one of the most deeply interesting books that it has been our pleasure to read for a long time past. The thrilling incidents of life as a partisan ranger form the body of the book, but it is enriched with deeply interesting pictures of social life, sketches of men and manners in the most romantic portion of the great continental battle field. Its author is a writer of rare ability, and handles with masterly hand all the heroic, thrilling, curious, romantic incidents that came within his observation as an actor in the most deeply interesting contests during the long war. The book is a history that will become a prominent portion of American standard literature. It is copiously illustrated. The brother of Major Scott was the widely known Jo. E. Scott, Esq., an eminent lawyer of Pinquier county, Virginia, who also served gallantly in the Confederate army fell on the field of battle.

The agent for the sale of this extraordinary work is F. Beattie, Esq., who is a popular and excellent gentleman.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Yesterday the first two cases on the calendar for the week were disposed of, a *nol pros.* being entered in the first by the Attorney General, and the second continued over on motion of the part of the State. By agreement of counsel the case of the State vs. Jo. White, indictment for murder, was taken up out of its regular order for trial. A jury was obtained and the testimony will be introduced to-day. The prisoner stands charged with the killing of Frank Murphy on or about the 1st of January last in the neighborhood of Chelsea, Tipton county, Tennessee, in the Fred. Rambo affair. Court was resumed last evening according to adjournment. The defendant attempted to introduce testimony proving adultery on the part of the deceased with the defendant's wife, which was objected to by counsel of the State and objection sustained by the Court. The Court held that counsel could introduce testimony as to the insanity of the defendant, and of the same or cause of the same. The truth or falsity of the charge of adultery had nothing to do with the case. The fact that the information was conveyed to the defendant could be introduced to support the allegation of insanity, but not the fact that the act had been committed. The investigation will be continued this evening. Messrs. Gantt and Henry represent the defendant. Colonel Coleman and Mr. Lashman conduct the prosecution for the State, or rather resist the application for bail.

The damaged stock of dry goods at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, must be closed within the next ten days.

Regulations Relative to County Warrants.

Dr. White presented in the Board of County Commissioners the following:

Be it ordered, That the County Trustee deliver to this Board, on a week from Monday next, all outcalled warrants in his possession, with a full list of the same, including the number, date, amount, and to whom given. And after a careful comparison, said warrants shall be destroyed in the presence of the Board. And the same is made out, if correct, shall be certified to by two members of the Board, and be given to the Trustee, to be held by him as a receipt against said warrants; and that hereafter, on the first day of each quarterly session of this court, he shall make out a like list and present it, with the warrants, to this Board for examination, and if the same shall be found correct, it shall be certified to as above and returned to him, and the warrants destroyed.

Be it further ordered, That the County Clerk and County Tax Collector shall hereafter keep a full list of all warrants as above, which they may from time to time turn over to the Trustee, and report the same, quarterly, to this court.

The collection taken up at Sunday's mass, in St. Peter's Church, to assist in paying for the Nicolson pavement to be laid before the Church, amounted to five hundred and eight dollars and fifty cents.

WE ARE IN THE MIDST OF A REVOLUTION.—No more premature decay of the teeth. Sozodont renders them indestructible. Nay, more, it makes enamel as white as Parian marble, and the breath an odoriferous as "The sweet South breathing o'er banks of violets." Neither the teeth nor the gums

A CARD.—STEAMER ROWENA.—The undersigned passengers on this, the first trip of the new and beautiful Memphis and White river packet Rowena, Captain John B. Davis, take pleasure in contributing our testimony to the many excellencies of this steamer, beyond any boat that has, to their knowledge, ever been in the trade. She combines speed, safety and comfort, and is controlled by officers who are polite, urbane, and attentive to the wants of all. The clerks, Messrs. Morton, Harrey and Sharpe, as well as Captain Davis and other officers of the Rowena, are gentlemen of the first order, and we take pleasure in recommending them and their splendid steamer to the traveling public as worthy of entire confidence and patronage: Asa Hill and wife, Memphis; Mrs Hanley, Indiana; Mrs Beckering, Ohio; Mrs Robinson, St. Louis; Miss Rebecca Park, Memphis; Mrs Stacey, Louisiana; Mrs King, Tennessee; Mrs Shepherd, Mississippi; Mrs Wickney, Alabama; Mrs Townsend, New York; Mrs Evans, Arkansas; Miss Ermann, Tennessee; Mrs Alexander, Tennessee; Mrs Baxter, Arkansas; J Garrison and wife, Cincinnati, Ohio; J Haisted and wife, Mississippi; Q K Underwood, Arkansas; D B R Miller, Arkansas; V C Collins, Indiana; R S Hope, South Carolina; Thomas M Tucker, Louisiana; J B Baxter, Arkansas; J W Shepherd, Arkansas, T J Myers, Arkansas; J G Quertermous, Arkansas; M Mull, Jacksonport, Arkansas; T P Burke, Memphis; C C Bliss, Little Rock; W W Gunter, Clarendon; William Park, Memphis; J J Busby, Memphis; Fergus Hall, Arkansas; Dr J P Cooper and wife, Arkansas; J H Moore, Kentuky; J Merrill, Alabama; Otis Patton, Arkansas; E Talbott and wife, Alabama; Dr S W Coons, Alabama; James McMullen, Mississippi; W T Pate, Arkansas; W D Pearne, Tennessee; S Ellenboyer, Arkansas; L Lyons, Philadelphia; A M Deacon, Missouri; A J Stacey, Louisiana; R Sumner, North Carolina; W A Browning, Virginia; H Weybe; W Espy St Louis H W Burrow, Arkansas; Charles Northrup, Memphis; S W Briggs, Ohio; George Wells, Mississippi; D W Caruth, Louisville, Kentucky; J Taylor Bern, Louisville, Kentucky; R S Bowen, Augusta; T W Anderson, Paris, Kentucky; R C Hunt, Mississippi; D C McMill, Mississippi; P Townsend, New York.

FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE MEMPHIS MATHIAN SOCIETY.—Last evening a handsome audience assembled at the Tabernacle to hear the addresses of several young gentlemen, who were appointed by the Mathian Association to represent this new order on the occasion of their first anniversary. The ceremonies were inaugurated by fine music from a most efficient choir, after which an impressive prayer was made by Rev. Dr. Mann. We have only room to mention the addresses that were all marked by more than ordinary thought and expression: Learning, by John R. Beasley; Piety, by Charles F. Taffe; Emigration, by Ed. B. Freeman, and Christianity, by Edward Bourne. A characteristic and impressive talk was given by Rev. Dr. Ford, who explained that this was an association of young men who had been through the war, and escaping the demoralization of military life, had united for their mutual improvement in morals and learning. In concluding, he remarked that a member of the Mathian Association had donated a lot for the erection of a church in this city, only the day before. He had been captured at Nashville, enjoyed the sweets of Camp Chase, and had walked all the way home from Richmond.

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
TUESDAY, July 23, 1867.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

Weather warm and sultry. The river here is receding steadily. At St. Louis the river is gradually declining. The Ohio is getting down to a low tide, with three and a half feet in the canal and five feet in the channel in the lower Ohio. White river is falling, with nine and a half feet to Augusta and three and a half feet to Jacksonport. The Arkansas is declining, with five feet in the channel to Little Rock.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Belle Memphis, St. Louis.
" City of Alton, St. Louis.
" Continental, St. Louis.
" Great Republic, St. Louis.
" Wcodme, Vicksburg.
" Leonidas, New Orleans.
" Rowena, White river.
" John S. McCune, White river.
" Mary McDonald, Little Rock.
" Starlight, Little Rock.
" Mollie Hambleton, St. Francis.
" Lady, St. Francis.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Belle Memphis, St. Louis.
" Welcome, St. Louis.
" Leonidas, New Orleans.
" Starlight, Cincinnati.
" Continental, New Orleans.
" Mary McDonald, St. Louis.

BOATS IN PORT.

Rowena, Gleaner, City of Alton, J. S. McCune, Mollie Hambleton and Lady.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The weather was incomparably warm yesterday, and business as dull as usual. There was some prospect of a shower late in the evening, but we would not trust our powers of prophecy.

The landing did not present any appearance of activity, the St. Louis packet Belle Memphis and the Rowena having it all to themselves, except a small customer lying lower down.

Having concluded to take an airing for the benefit of our health, we availed ourself of a day of rest to visit Raleigh, and found it numerously patronized, and its waters healing, invigorating and refreshing. We had the misfortune to encounter a member of the News Company in a dilapidated buggy. Thompson wanted to make people believe that it was Larry Harmstad's, and that he was only a passenger. We could not be deceived that way, as we were well aware of the low state of the finances of the firm, which is not able to offer a suitable reward for the recovery of the body of Captain Dick, who is supposed, in a fit of desperation, to have jumped into the clear and cool waters about Dubuque, and forgot to jump out again. The friends of the unconsolate, and are looking for his graceful strut upon the streets of Memphis again, in time to commence with the busy season, if that time shall ever arrive.

We attended divine service on Sunday evening, and there saw Little Reub as busy as usual. He is anxiously expecting the colored vote for Wharfmaster. In the evening he prays with the colored brethren, and in the day plays cards with the white brothers. He thinks his chances are some, for he mixes freely with the two powers. He will be greatly disappointed if his prayers are not heard and his schemes for office crowned.

The commission merchants of Cairo have petitioned to have the wharf-boats removed from the wharf at that city. The petitions are addressed to the Cairo City Improvement Company. The trustees, who, it is understood, will adopt measures looking to a compliance with the prayer, when they are satisfied it is the wish of the people that they should do so. No says the Cairo *Democrat*, and it is altogether probable the prayer of the petitioners will be granted. In one respect wharf-boats are very convenient, for they receive and store articles from transient boats. But does not this militate against the formation of packet lines having their terminus where such wharf-boats are tolerated? Do they not in more ways than one injure the business of commission merchants? This is a subject that addresses itself to all interested in the marine of our city, and the profits arising from receiving and forwarding. We have not heard any complaint against the wharf-boats lying in front of our landing, or that there is not a mutual understanding between their occupants and the steamers making exchange. We merely allude to the subject in reference to action elsewhere, and what possibly may occur.

The new and famous White river packet, Rowena, in command of Captain John Davis, the pioneer of the White river trade, arrived from White river with her cabin full of passengers. The passengers, crew and all, speak in high praise of the boat and her gallant officers. In our local columns will be found a testimonial of the appreciation of the courtesy extended the passengers by Captain Davis and his worthy officers. She leaves to-day at five p.m. for White river and all way landings, and will go through to Jacksonport. Captain Morton and Milt. Harry—two gentlemen noted for their urbanity and courtesy—preside in the office. Mr. Shaver, an accurate clerk and accommodating, clever gentleman, has charge of the freight department.

A citizen of Cape Girardeau has contracted for the delivery of 1,000 cords of wood on the river, where they will be taken on flatboats to New Orleans, where sailing vessels are to take them direct to France, for the manufacture of wine casks and pipes.

The Commercial is being repainted and refitted in handsome style, and will resume her regular trips in the White river trade on Tuesday next.

The St. Francis looks as fresh as a morning rose.

The Mollie Hambleton, Captain Bowman, is the regular Tuesday St. Francis river packet. She leaves at five p.m.

The Gleaner, Captain King, is receiving at the wharf for the Kansas river and all way points, and will leave to-morrow at five p.m.

The Belle Memphis cleared for St. Louis last evening with a fair passenger trip.

The Lady, Captain Ward, is the regular Tuesday Helena, Moon Lake and Mariana packet. She leaves the wharf at five p.m. Mr. J. C. Ward, a clever gentleman, officiates as purser.

The City of Alton, Captain McPheeters, arrived from St. Louis last evening with a full cargo of produce. She is the regular Tuesday Cairo and St. Louis packet, and will leave the wharf to-day at five p.m. Mr. McCreight, a clever and social gentleman, presides in the office.

SUICIDE.—A man named John D. Bouta jumped into the river at Hale's Point, on Saturday morning, and drowned himself. In our local columns will be found a full account of the affair.

Work is about to be commenced on the Rock Islands rapids improvement. The Davenport Gazette says that Messrs. Lemay, Case & Co., the contractors, are getting everything in readiness to prosecute the removal of the rocks from the channel of the river. They are building at Le Claire a floating hotel, with accommodations for fifty men.

The Rowena will hereafter run through to Jacksonport, taking freight for all way points on Black and Little Red rivers.

The Belle Memphis, Hukill, will be at the wharf this evening, to receive for Evansville and way points on the Ohio, and leave to-morrow at five p.m.

The John D. McCune arrived from White river yesterday. She lays over here to try for a short time the Memphis and White river trade.

The Continental from St. Louis for New Orleans passed down yesterday at noon with a full cargo.

The Mary McDonald from Little Rock for St. Louis, and the Starlight from Little Rock for Cincinnati, passed up Monday morning.

The Republic from St. Louis for New Orleans with a

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO.

E. COLLAWAY. } Editors and Proprietors

Daily paper, per annum, in advance, $12; Weekly $5. Advertisements inserted at $1 00 per square for first insertion, each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Twenty cents per line for special notices.

OFFICE:

In our new building, No. 329 Jefferson street, near the corner of Main.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MONDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES.

Maximilian's Body to be Given Up.

Important Council Held with the Indians.

Prize Fights in New Jersey.

Seward's Retaliation Policy—No Minister to be Sent to Mexico.

The Government of Ontario Organized.

The Hungarian National Guard to be Reorganized.

The Cretan War Preparations Against the Turks.

NEW YORK, July 22.—A New Orleans special says that late advices from Vera Cruz state that the body of Maximilian will be delivered to the Austrian Legation, and that his remains are now on the way to Vera Cruz with that view.

The truth of the report that Foreign Consuls had been molested in Mexico is denied.

A Fort Phil. Kearney dispatch says Judge Kinney, special Indian Commissioner, has just concluded a highly satisfactory council with eighteen hundred Crow Indians there. They are anxious to join the expedition against the Sioux. When in council, the Cheyennes ran off with some of their horses. The Crows, however, recaptured them, and killed three Indians.

Two prize fights took place in New Jersey yesterday. The first was between Bob Wade and Tom Kayanaugh. Wade was declared the winner. The other was between Lawler, the infant, measuring six feet four inches, and Johnny Hogans. Lawler knocked Hogans out of time in the eleventh round.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—It is the intention of Secretary Seward not to send a minister to Mexico, as a retaliatory measure for the rejection of his message concerning the life of Maximilian, for the purpose, in the event of a foreign war against Mexico, of showing the chiefs of that boastful republic the full extent of their dependence on the United States.

Greely's nomination as Minister to Austria will be continued until the next session of the Senate.

HOUSE.—The Judiciary Committee has formally decided that as the impeachment testimony will not be presented by Saturday, it shall not be published, but remain under the seal of Congress.

TORONTO, July 22.—The local Government of the Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada, was completed on Saturday by the appointment of W. C. Cameron Secretary, and E. B. Wood, Receiver. General election preparations are continued with great vigor. The Reformers are greatly divided.

PARIS, July 21.—The National Guards of Hungary are to be reorganized.

LONDON, July 21.—Advices from Candia report the Cretans preparing a squadron of five ships, with which they intend to attempt the destruction of the Turkish fleet which is supporting the army of Omar Pacha.

FRANKFORT, July 21.—United States bonds are quoted to-day at 76¾ for old issue.

VIENNA, July 21.—The Austrian Reichstadt have adopted a resolution in favor of the political religious faiths, and acknowledged the legality of German marriages, when performed by civil magistrates.

TERRIBLE SUFFERING AT SEA.

The Loss of the Ship Ocean Queen.

The London *Weekly Times* gives the following particulars of the recent loss of the ship Ocean Queen, and the terrible suffering of her crew:

In one of our previous numbers we gave a short account of the dreadful sufferings of the crew of the Ocean Queen. We have now obtained further reliable details, which will be found of the most harrowing description. It will be recollected that the only survivors were Curry, the master, and Julius Fortes, a seaman—the latter being a Portuguese. They have now arrived at their homes in Cowpen Quay, near Blythe, and their condition bears testimony to the frightful suffering endured by the shipwrecked crew. Mr. Curry has escaped with the least injury of the two, having only lost the soles of his feet by the frost; but the unfortunate man Fortes is a mere wreck of humanity, and some effort is urgently required to alleviate his miserable state. He has lost both his feet, which have been amputated above the ankles; all the fingers, as well as the thumb and part of the palm of the left hand; two fingers of his right hand are entirely gone, while the two remaining are merely stumps of about an inch in length. These injuries were inflicted by the frost, suffered while exposed upon the wreck twelve days to the full inclemency of the Baltic winter, and without food. Fortes is married to an English woman, and resides in Albert street, Cowpen Quay, Blythe, where he arrived a few days ago. His statement of the occurrence is as follows: The Ocean Queen, Captain Curry, in which I sailed as seaman, left Riga in November last, with a cargo of deals for Hartlepool. Soon after leaving the port we met with a strong westerly wind and heavy weather, and the ship laboring very much sprung a leak. For more than a fortnight we pumped the vessel to keep the leaking down, but without effect, and in the early part of December, finding there was eight feet and half of water in the ship, I told the master, and he determined to bear up for Memel or Dantzic. After changing our course we encountered a heavy storm, and at eight o'clock that night we brought to under bare poles, it being dark, to wait for daylight, but the seas broke over the ship, and as she rapidly filled with water we could not stay any longer on the deck, but took our blankets and went up aloft. The crew was then eight in number, including the master and a boy. The vessel was soon completely waterlogged, and while we were making ourselves right up aloft, she heeled over on her side and capsized. Two of the crew were immediately washed away by the seas and drowned, but the remainder of us held on by the ship's side, and as she rose again and righted soon after, we crawled along the decks, which were now under water and swept by every sea, to the bowsprit, where there was a comparatively sheltered place on which we could stand. Here we fixed ourselves, with the water often up to our knees for hours together, and here we remained for twelve days without food, and often covered with ice and nearly frozen together. Day after day we stood the bitter cold, hoping for deliverance by some passing vessel, and several came near enough to have helped us. The very day after we took our place at the bowsprit a foreign ship came up, and we signaled her to be taken off, but the captain of the vessel refused, alleging that his boat was frozen to the davits, and that he could not launch her, and so he passed us by, and continued on his course. This very much affected one of the crew, ——, who had suffered very severely from the cold; he laid himself over upon me, and the ice, as the seas wet him, congealed over his head and neck, until it was nearly a foot thick, and I could scarcely see his face. The next day I said to him, "——, lie off me; I cannot bear you any longer; I am cold." He then lifted himself up, and said: "Good bye; I am going to lay myself down and die." And he went and sat down in the forehatch, amongst the water, and died. After this we saw a ship nearly every day, and those which came near enough we hailed, but none of them would take us off. A Swedish vessel came right up to us and stopped when we hailed her. We asked to be taken on board, but the answer returned to us was: "I lost my boat last night, and cannot get your men on board." We were desperate at the sight of the vessel preparing to leave us, and begged that the captain would throw a line across to our vessel, and we would then take the risk of going along it. His answer was: "I cannot, and I dare not trust my ship near you." We cried out to him that we were freezing and dying by inches, but he paid no attention to us. The ship was going to Pillau, and she went away on her course, leaving us freezing and starving on a cold, bitter day. We almost lost hope after that, and another man and the boy soon died of hunger and cold. On the eleventh day we were savage with hunger, and having gnawed everything which would give us the smallest relief, we ate of the flesh of one of the bodies, but our stomachs turned away from it, and we would not have it. We were very weak, and I think the mate was delirious; he was talking about his little girl at home, when he suddenly dropped and died. All this time we were on the water logged vessel, she was drifting along before the westerly winds, and on the twelfth day she drove on the rocks a short distance from the shore. We stayed by the vessel until she parted in two, and then agreed to try for the shore on some of the loose planks. I got on one, and, after about an hour's struggling, got to the beach. On at tempting to land I found I could not stand on n y frozen feet, and I was washed back again by the sea; at length I got out of reach of the surf, and by the aid of a stick got to a heap of sand, where I lay down. I called for Mr. Curry several times, and getting no answer, concluded he was drowned. I thought there was nothing left for me but to die too, so I covered myself with sand and waited. At last Mr. Curry came, and did every thing he could to get me up, and enable me to walk with him along the coast to seek for help from some of the fishermen. It was no use, for I fell directly I was put on my legs. Mr. Curry was very sorry for me and went away shouting for help. I could hear his voice for some time after he had left, and I then covered my head with sand, and must have fallen asleep, for I do not remember anything of being brought away, and only came round when I had been two days in the fisherman's house. No one had known how to treat my frozen feet and hands, and when I came about again they were very bad. I was sent from the fisherman's house to Memel when I was taken to the hospital, and my feet and hands being too far gone were amputated. The English Consul dispatched me from Memel to Stettin, and from Stettin to London; and the Captain of the steamer which brought me to London kindly got me a passage to Newcastle, where my friends were ready to take me to Cowpen.

MONETARY.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
TUESDAY, July 23, 1867.

We have no new features to report in commercial and financial circles at the commencement of the week. Business drags slowly along in the same old channels as before, and all classes of business men are awaiting patiently for the fall season to open out. Money continues to rule close, with the rates of interest firm and unchanged.

GOLD.—In New York yesterday was quiet at 139¼@139⅝. The market here was steady, with no local demand and light transactions. The premium rates ruled at 138@138¼. Silver continues to rule firm at 128@130.

EXCHANGE.—Is quiet but in light supply. Bankers check at sight on the East at ⅛@⅜c prounium, St. Louis and Cincinnati at ⅛@¾c; on New Orleans at par.

CITY SCRIP.—Quiet and dull, with little demand and light transactions. Brokers are offering 57@58c and sellers at 60@61c.

POLICE SCRIP.—Continues dull with a large supply on the market and a small demand. Brokers are offering 60@62c and selling at 63@65c.

COUNTY SCRIP.—Is dull at 78@80c buying, and selling at 80@82c.

TENNESSEE MONEY.—Remains quiet and unchanged, with few transactions. Bank of Tennessee, old issue, 90c; bank of West Tennessee, 40c; bank of Chattanooga, 10c; bank of Middle Tennessee, 95c; City Bank, 60c; Merchant's Bank, 55c; Northern Bank, 95c; Ocoee Bank, 9c; Planters' Bank, 95c; Union Bank, 95c; Shelbyville Bank, 95c; Southern Bank, 20c; Traders' Bank, 95c.

The Charleston *Mercury* explains why the stocks of that city fell 10 per cent. in value after General Sickles' order No. 32. It says that he "virtually proclaims that the treasury of the city is under his absolute control; and that the city corporation itself, either in the paying or appropriation of taxes, authorized in its charter, is a nullity, except just so far as he may determine that it may exercise those powers."

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
TUESDAY, July 23, 1867.

Trade in the leading markets continues dull with only a small jobbing trade doing in plantation supplies. Meats are firm, with prices tending upwards, though the demand is quite small. Corn is firm, and steadily advancing, owing to the high prices obtained in the St. Louis market. Oats and hay are firm, and advancing. The Louisville Courier, of the 20th, in speaking of the market for bagging and rope says: "Kentucky hemp is assuming more firmness, and some holders are contending for an advance. A round lot, however, of choice bagging, was offered on Change at 23c. We regret to hear that the planters south are resorting to gunny bags, second hand of course, and it is estimated that they have secured enough to cover at least 120,000 bales of cotton. The iron ties are coming into very general use, and shipments in lots of twenty-five to fifty, and in one case of one hundred tons have been made to New Orleans this month, all made in this city and New Albany. The manufacture of iron ties has assumed a marked importance in this vicinity, as well as being an article of extensive commerce, and in a great measure superseding hemp rope. That time honored institution, the "Kentucky rope walk," is almost wholly crowded out of existence, if its walks are not already obliterated or overgrown with weeds."

COTTON.—The market yesterday morning opened with an improved feeling. The New York and Liverpool markets were reported firm, with a slight advance. The encouraging news gave firmness and boyancy to the market here, and holders advanced their prices from one to two cents on middlings. The inquiry throughout the day was fair, though the sales footed up small, with middling at 23¾@24¼c, low middling at 22½@23c, and ordinaries at 15@20½c. The market closed firm, with prices tending upward. The New York market was reported firm, with uplands at 27@27½c, and Orleans 28½c.

Inferior	12½@18½
Ordinary	17½@18½
Good ordinary	19½@20½
Low middling	22½@23½
Middling	23¾@24¼
Good middling	25@26
Fair middling	26½@27

A Cincinnati prices current of the 19th says the provision market has continued all the week, with the exception of a lull for one day, which seemed only as a rest, during which time it gathered stronger nerve, and operations subsequently assumed greater magnitude at full prices. This applies especially to bulk and bacon shoulders and sides, which close strong at quotations, the demand for bulk being chiefly speculative and for smoker's use. The feeling is that the stock of these articles is not great enough in the west to supply the demand which must ensue from the great success of the crops both West and South. Hams, mess pork and lard have changed but little during the week, but the confidence in these articles is strong, except for lard, the stock of the latter at this point, as near as can be estimated, is 25,000 tierces. Mess pork at this time is the cheapest article of the hog product, but it is not in the shape to meet the present demand of consumers, and the stock is liberal both East and West. It is generally held here at $23, and purchases to any extent could not be made at less, yet buyers have not yet worked themselves up to this figure. $22 50 to $22 75 being the best offering prices for the best city. No country of consequence to be had. Lard is generally held at 12½c, but this price is above the views of buyers; 12¼c would be paid for small lots, or 12c for country; keg 13¾ to 13¾c. There is some inquiry for the lower grades and greases, but stocks are light and prices are nominal. Bulk meats have been the fancy article all the week, and have generally been held at 10@12c loose for shoulders and sides, without many sales until yesterday when speculators and smokers took hold freely, and sales were made at 11¼c loose for shoulders, sides and clear sides, with a further upward tendency. Hams are nominal at 15c, loose. Bacon has been in large consumptive demand, closing firm at 11½, 13, 13¾ and 14¼c, packed, for shoulders, sides, clear ribbed and clear sides, with every appearance of further advances. Plain hams sell at 18@ 20½c, and sugar cured at 21c, canvassed and packed. The sales of the week have been large, mostly at 20c. Beef hams are unchanged, at 20½@ 21c. Plate beef scarce and firm, at $23@24. Whisky steady, at 32c in bond. Exports of the week were 1,543 barrels and 420 kegs lard, 1,255 hogsheads and 1,332 tierces bulk and bacon, 922 barrels and 244 boxes pork, and 706 pounds loose meat. Imports, 160 barrels and 3 kegs lard, 112 hogsheads and 522 tierces bulk and bacon, 15 barrels pork, and 28,610 pounds loose meats.

GENERAL MARKET.

[NOTE.—Our quotations are the wholesale prices unless otherwise stated. In filling small orders to the city or country trade an advance of three to five per cent. is obtained.]

COAL.—The market yesterday was excited and firm, with a small trade doing on account of the high prices asked. Choice white ruled at $1 25@1 30; yellow at $1 20@1 25; mixed at $1 15@1 18. The advance is on account of the high price of corn in the Western markets.

OATS.—Firm and steady at $1 03@1 07.

HAY.—In fair demand with prices firm, and a slight advance. Choice timothy ruled at $26@28; inferior at $20@25 per ton.

FLOUR.—Quiet and steady with little new in the market. Prices firm at $7@7 50; X, $11 25@11 50; XX, $12 00@13 50; XXX, $14@14 75; fancy brands, $16@17 50.

CORNMEAL.—Was in fair demand with prices firm; kiln dried, $5 75@6 25 per bbl.

PROVISIONS.—The market was firm with a fair stock on hand; prices were firm and tending upwards. Mess pork firm at $25@27 50 per bbl.; prime, $21 50@22 00. Bacon firm; clear sides, 15@15½c; clear ribbed sides, 12½@13c; shoulders, 11@12c; plain canvassed hams 18@20c; sugar cured canvassed hams, 20@22c; breakfast bacon, 17@20c.

LARD.—Firm and steady; keg leaf 14c@15; tierces, 13@13½c.

HAY.—Quiet and steady, with a small demand; choice timothy rules at $26@27, and inferior at $19@22.

COFFEE.—Market steady with a small trade doing; Rio, 27@28c; Laguira, 32@33c; Java, 40@41c.

MOLASSES.—Market inactive, with a small trade doing. New Orleans 80 to 90; Sorghum at 65 to 75c. Syrups 95c to $1 10.

SUGAR.—Steady and quiet. Orleans 13¾ to 16c; crushed and powdered 17@17½c; coffee sugars 15 to 16½c; yellow refined 15 to 15c.

EGGS.—Are in light supply with a fair demand, ruling from 24 to 25c for fresh packed.

CHICKENS.—Old are in fair demand, with few in the market selling at $6@7 per dozen; young are in good demand, selling at $3@5 50 per dozen.

BUTTER.—Quiet, with a large stock on the market. Choice yellow ruled at 23@24c; common, 17@20c.

POTATOES.—Are in fair demand, with fair receipts, selling from $3 50 to $4 50 per barrel; sweet potatoes, few in market, and selling at $5 50@6 per barrel.

ONIONS.—In fair demand at $5 00@5 50 per brl.

BEANS.—Quiet at $4 25@4 50 per brl for prime navy.

RICE.—Quiet at 11¼@12¼c per lb.

SALT.—Steady and dull at $2 75@3 per brl.

TALLOW.—9@10c per lb.

TAR.—Quiet at $6 50 per dozen kegs.

CHEESE.—Nominal; Western Reserve 17@18c.

HERDWAX.—Dull and quiet at 30c.

BAGGING.—Nominal and nothing doing.

BRAN.—Dull and quiet; $40@43 per ton.

CEMENT.—Quiet at $3 25@3 50; Rosendale, $4 25@4 50.

PAINTS, OILS, ETC.—The market is inactive. We quote white lead, as to quality, 12@16c; American zinc, 9@10c; French zinc, 12@16c; linseed oil, $1 10; turpentine, $1 10; dryers, 16c; putty, 7½@8c.

GREASE.—In demand, at 7@7½c per pound for shipment.

HIDES.—In fair demand; flint, 17c; salted, 10@ 10½c; green, 8@8½c.

TURPENTINE.—Firm at $1@1 10 per gallon.

CANDLES.—Dull and quiet at 16c for light weights.

WOOL.—In fair demand; unwashed, 20@22c; washed, 30@40c per lb.

WHISKY.—Market steady and quiet, with a small trade doing. Sales of common at $1 90@2 25; Bourbon, $2 00@2 25.

TOBACCO.—There is a good demand for all grades and prices are unchanged. A fine stock is on hand and new supplies are received daily. We quote natural leaf at $1 20@1 30; fancy Virginia, new work, $1 00@1 25; fine bright, pounds, $1 00@ 1 10; medium do, pounds, 75@90c; common bright, pounds, 60@75c; fine fancy smoking, 75c@$1 25.

GUNPOWDER.—Inactive and nominally $10 per keg; $5 50 per half keg; $3 25 per quarter keg.

LEATHER.—Quiet and steady. Oak sole, 46@50c; hemlock, 40@43c; harness, 36@42c; skirting, 45@ 48c; uppers, per dozen, $35 50; French calf, $90@ 72; American calf, $42@54.

FISH.—Quiet, with a fair jobbing trade doing. North Carolina white shad, half barrels, $5 50; family Roe herrings, half barrel, $6 50; cut herrings, per barrel, $13; Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl, $17@21; per half bbl, $9@11; per kit, $2 50@3; No. 2 per bbl, $21; per half bbl, $11; per kit $2 75. No. 3 per half bbl, $10; per kit, $2 50@2 75. White fish, per half bbl, $7@9. Dried cod per lb, 6½c. Dried herrings per box, 65c.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD,
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., July 7, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at head of S. Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express trains on Jeffersonville railroad for all Eastern cities, and with United states Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and in the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at 11 p.m., making close connection with Mobile and Ohio railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central railroad for St. Louis, Chicago, St. Paul, and all points North, West and East, and to Louisville with Jeffersonville railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

CARS GO THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through to all important places. Persons holding through tickets can stop over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.

☞ Through Tickets and all information as good from Ticket Office, 337½ Main street, and at Depot

SAM R. JONES,
General Superintendent.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

TRAINS leave daily, as follows (city time): Through Express 6:10 a.m.; Through Mail, 6:10 p.m.; Somerville accommodation, daily, except Sunday, 3:30 p.m. Trains arrive as follows: Through Express, 10:55 p.m.; Through Mail, 1:40 p.m.; Somerville accommodation, except Sunday, 9:10 a.m.

At Corinth connects at Grand Junction with afternoon train on the Mississippi Central Railroad for Holly Springs, Water Valley, Grenada, Jackson, Vicksburg, Miss., New Orleans, La., etc. At Corinth, for Okolona, Columbus, Meridian, Miss., Mobile, Ala., etc.

At Decatur for Columbia, Nashville Louisville, Cincinnati etc.

At Chattanooga, for all points in Eastern Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Virginia, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, etc.

At Bolivar, 82 miles from Corinth, Grand Junction with Trains for Bolivar, and Jackson, Tenn.

At Decatur, for Athens, Ala., Pulaski, Columbia, Nashville, etc.

At Chattanooga, trains connect for same points as by express train. Baggage checked through.

For tickets and further information, apply at the office, corner Main and South Court streets.

J. H. DYER, General Superintendent.
W. J. ROSS, General Ticket Agent.
A. A. BARNES, General Ticket Agent.
S. M. SHOCK, Passenger Agent

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. B. SHARPE. M. G. KING.

SHARPE & KING,

DEALERS IN

PETROLEUM VAPOR STOVES

Stratton Self-Generating Gas Light,

No. 330 Second Street, near Union,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Sole Agents for the Tennessee Stove and Gas Light Company, for the Sale of District and County Rights.

Every article sold to be perfect, as represented or money refunded on return of article. Articles sent to any part the State.

LOUISA CHURCH,

LADIES' HAIR DRESSER,

Shampooing and Hair Cutting,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

French Perfumery, Brushes, Combs,

AND ALL KINDS OF TOILET ARTICLES,

No. 56 Court Street, - - Memphis, Tenn.

PARTICULAR attention given to Ladies' Hair Dressing by Mrs. Lou. Church. Consultations on diseases of the Hair given free of charge.

Notice.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
EIGHTH DISTRICT TENNESSEE, MEMPHIS, June 25, 1867.

THE following articles have been seized by me for violation of the Revenue Laws, and are held for forfeiture to the Government of the United States, viz.: One barrel, containing 40 gallons of peach brandy; two cases, containing 40 lbs smoking tobacco; one box, containing 10 lbs smoking tobacco; one keg, containing 40 lbs chewing tobacco.

All persons having claims to any of said property are hereby required to present evidences of the same to me by or before the First day of August, 1867, otherwise proceedings will be instituted as the law directs.

ROGER S. SAUNDERS,
Collector.

MULLER & FASSMAN,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 20 Jefferson Street,

Between Main and Front st., MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ An assortment of Boots and Shoes for genis' wear constantly on hand. Boots, Shoes and Gaiters made to order. Repairing neatly done.

W. H. SELDEN, Virginia. J. WILLIAMS, Jr., Memphis. R. F. KNOX, Virginia.

SELDEN, WILLIAMS & Co.,

LUMBER DEALERS,

NO. 174 MADISON STREET,

ON THE BAYOU, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Commission Merchants and Contractors will find it to interest to give us a call. Yards in all kinds of

Lumber, Shingles, Laths Etc.

WM. ORGILL, EDMUND ORGILL, G. L. DENNISON, A. S. McNEAR.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

Hardware, Cutlery, Nails and Castings, Iron Steel Tackle Blocks, Horse Shoes, Boat Spikes, French Window Glass, Garden Seed, Feed Cutters, Belting and Packing Horse Powers, Reaping, Mowing and Threshing Machines,

And everything pertaining to the HARDWARE and AGRICULTURAL TRADE, at their old stand,

No. 312 Front Street, Corner of Monroe,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

TRUDEAU & DUKE,

DEALERS IN

WATCHES, DIAMOND GOODS,

SOLID SILVER WARE,

GOLD CHAINS, CLOCKS, SPECTACLES.

Corner Second and Madison Streets,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

N.B.—Memphis MEAN TIME accurately taken by the ONLY OBSERVATORY in the City.

IMPORTED CIGARS.

PARTAGAS,	INTIMIDAD,
PRINCE WALES,	PALMITO,
CABARGO,	UPMAN,
ROSARITO,	FIGARO,
MODELO,	EL MANCO
HONRADEZ CIGARETTOS.	

THE above brands Imported Cigars in stock and for sale

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

At Overton Hotel Smoker's Emporium.

For Lease or Sale.

SEVERAL BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOTS, fronting on the Hernando road, only one quarter of a mile from corporation limits. This is one of the most desirable localities in the suburbs, combining nearly all facilities of living in the city, enjoying pure air, and avoiding the evil of city taxes. Apply to

JOHN SONOVAN,
Clerk's Office, Grenada.

Notice.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE
UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
EIGHTH DISTRICT TENNESSEE,
MEMPHIS, July 11, 1867.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ANNUAL LIST, including Income, Special Taxes on Business and Professions, etc., for this District, has been returned by the United States Assessor to the Collector, and all persons are notified that taxes are now due, and if not paid by the 31st inst. a penalty and additional costs will accrue thereon.

Payments may be made to me at my office, at the First National Bank, No. 14 Madison street, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 3 p.m.

ROLFE S. SAUNDERS,
Collector.

Yellow Pine Flooring.

10,000 FEET Dressed Yellow Pine Flooring. Best quality. Apply to

J. M. PATRICK & CO.,
180 Front street.

HOTELS.

Buena Vista Springs,

1867.

THIS justly celebrated Watering Place, situated within five miles (by a good road) of the beautiful city of Russellville, Logan county, Ky., on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, within seven hours' ride of Louisville and Nashville or Memphis, is open for the season for visitors.

Abundant and comfortable conveyance always ready for passengers from Russellville to the springs, in close connection with the day trains. Passengers leaving Louisville by the morning train can stop at the Springs. Those leaving Memphis by the evening train can stop at the Springs next day.

The Hotel building contains nearly fifty family rooms, besides many single chambers. The grounds are highly improved and the most picturesque in the State. Fine bathing and good fishing in the vicinity.

The proprietors pledge themselves that their table shall be unsurpassed in the State, fully maintaining the world wide reputation of Kentucky for abundant and good living, genuine hot and cooling hospitality.

Very favorable terms allowed families desiring to avoid the heat and dust of the cities during the coming summer months.

Postoffice, Russellville, Ky.

PANKEY & HODGES,
Proprietors.

1791-6

GRENADA HOUSE,

GRENADA, MISS.

R. W. PETEET, : : : Proprietor.

THIS most excellent Hotel is now in complete order and ready for the accommodation of guests. Being large and commodious, it is well fitted for the liberal patronage heretofore extended by those whose fortune it has been to have ever stopped at the Grenada House. Well furnished and officered, it cannot fail to give satisfaction to all its numerous guests.

Its Tables are Kept in the Best Style

And furnished with all that the market of a fruitful country affords.

FOR A COUNTRY RETREAT IT IS UNEXCELLED

TERMS:

Transient Board..... $2 00 per day.
Regular Board..... 50 00 per month
Day Board..... 1 00 per day.

R. W. PETEET, Proprietor.

Worsham House.

OWING to the decline in provisions from war prices, mining my own vegetables, the general economical arrangement of the house, and close personal attention to business, I am enabled to accommodate

Transient Guests at $3 per day, and

Day Boarders at $35 per month.

Feeling desirous that my friends and the traveling public should have the advantage of any deduction that can be made in their favor, I will simply say that my Table and general hotel accommodations shall always be first class, and attention to guests equal to any hotel in the Southwest.

C. B. GALLOWAY,
Proprietor.

RALEIGH SPRINGS.

FRANKLIN HOUSE.

HAVING made additions to the above House, and repaired the same throughout, I am now prepared to accommodate the public generally

On the 13th Day of May Next,

for the accommodation of the public generally, and particularly those who desire to avail themselves of the healing virtues of the justly famed RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS.

Every effort will be made to render pleasant and beneficial the sojourn of every visitor, and the season bids fair to be gay and fashionable. The band of Music has been engaged and will be at all times in attendance.

A SPACIOUS BALL ROOM has been provide together with every facility for the enjoyment of boarders.

The Daily OMNIBUS LINE will connect with Ohio railroad trains at BARTLETT STATION, seven miles east of Memphis and two miles west of Raleigh.

Visitors and guests not now will be accommodated and duly cared for.

The invaluable properties of these mineral waters are too well known to the public to require further commendation. Those unacquainted with them would be interested if the deserved reputation of the RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS could be augmented.

R. M. & R. F. COLEMAN,
Proprietor.

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

Summit of Lookout Mountain.

THIS favorite summer resort will be opened for the accommodation of guests

ON THE 15th DAY OF MAY NEXT.

THE Proprietors desire to attract to their patrons and parties of desirous of spending the summer months in this eligible and historical region, that they have spared no pains in fitting up at great expense their accommodation Telegraph office, Billiard rooms and all healthful amusements usually found at first class watering places. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords, comparing favorably with the best hotels in the country.

Persons desirous of obtaining further information will address COOPER & JAMES,
Chattanooga.

Columbus (Ga.) Sun, Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser, Selma (Ala.) Times, and New Orleans (La.) Picayune, copy and send bill to Proprietors at Chattanooga.

IUKA SPRINGS HOTEL

IS NOW OPEN FOR THE

ACCOMMODATION OF VISITORS.

A NEW House with forty rooms has been added to the large House, with all the modern improvements.

Billiard Tables, Ten-pin Alleys, Bath Rooms, Swings, Etc.,

Good health, the best Water in the world, superb music, magnificent ball room, fine hunting and fishing, and every inducement for pleasure, health and comfort.

Yellow Sulphur Springs.

THIS pleasant WATERING PLACE, on the summit of the Alleghany, four miles from Christiansburg Depot, Virginia Central railroad, is now prepared to receive visitors.

Hacks will be ready on each arrival of the train, to convey passengers over a smooth road to the Springs.

Invalids will find a first class hotel kept by Mr. Wilson at the depot, should they desire rest before going to the Springs.

These Springs are on the direct stage line from Christiansburg Depot to New River White, and via the Salt Pond to Salt Sulphur Springs.

Board, $1 per day, $18 per week, and $65 for four weeks.

PROPRIETORS.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

W. A. HURD, of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY of Spottswood Hotel, Richmond, Va.
PROPRIETORS.

FRIENDS AND STRANGERS ARE INVITED TO

PATRONIZE THIS ESTABLISHMENT

ALL facilities offered by other houses can be found in it. Fare equal.

Telegraphic Communication

Can be had with any section of the country from the Hotel

1867. 1867.

THE CAYCE SPRINGS PLACE

THIS picturesque, romantic and popular Southern resort is now open to invalids and pleasure seekers, after thorough improvements and additions. The qualities and properties of the various MEDICINAL SPRINGS, and especially of FREE STONE SPRINGS or "CAYCE," are ESTABLISHED AS EQUAL to any on the continent.

Carriages will be in attendance on the arrival of each train at Thompson's Station, on the Nashville and Decatur railroad, to carry visitors and baggage to the Springs (seven miles) gratis.

TERMS:

Boarding per day..... $2 00
Boarding per week..... 10 00
Children and servants half price. Twenty per cent. deducted for families.
Omnibus fare 50 cents. Baggage as usual.

BENJAMIN F. SHARLIP, Proprietor,
Thompson's Station P. O.

Alleghany Springs, Montgomery Co., Virginia.

THIS celebrated Watering Place having undergone thorough repairs and been furnished throughout every department with entirely new and first class furniture, will be opened for the reception of visitors on the 15th day of June.

The reputation of this water is so extensive and so firmly established that it is useless to enumerate the particular diseases for which it is a specific. The proprietors have ordered it to be analyzed, and as extensive as any Watering Place in the mountains of Virginia.

Conveyances will meet each train at Shawsville for the convenience of passengers to the Springs. The resident partner will be assisted in the management by a gentleman of experience, and no pains spared to render visitors comfortable.

C. A. CALLHOUN, Agent.

D. HARMAN. R. G. MATO.

ROCKBRIDGE BATHS,

Rockbridge County, Virginia.

Open on July 1, 1867.

PASSENGERS by the Virginia Central Railroad get off the cars at Goshen Depot, where coaches of stages await to wind romantic mountain road, lands them at the Baths.

Ball Room, Billiard and Bowling Saloons are upon the premises.

Sulphur and Chalybeate Water, also the use of the Bath, free of charge.

Terms $4 00 per day; $20 00 per month.

R. G. MATO,
Acting Partner of Harman & Mayo.

J. FULTON TOMPKINS, Superintendent.

☞ From the West and South, leave Bonsack's Depot, Tennessee and Virginia railroad.

To All Whom it May Concern.

AT the adjourned term of the County Court I will apply for letters of administration on the estate of Elijah Brooks, deceased. All interested parties can be present and contest my application if they see proper.

H. Mc. BROOKS.

LEGAL.

Notice.

BY virtue of the terms of a deed of trust, executed to me by Mercer J. Wright, on the 1st day of January, 1866, to secure certain indebtedness therein specified to John Robinson, I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the office of Gass & Waddell, in the alley between second and Third streets, in the city of Memphis, on the 20th day of August next, at 12 o'clock, the following property to-wit: Lot No. 6 and part of lot No. 7, in block 61, in South Memphis, beginning at the south line of Shelby street, 200 feet west of the west street; thence north parallel with the east side of St. Martin street 70 feet 6 inches; thence west parallel with Shelby street to the beginning, being all of lot No. 6, and the west 20 feet of No. 7, in block 61, South Memphis. The title is believed to be good, but I convey only as trustee.

VIRGIL R. WADDELL, Trustee.

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING been appointed and qualified as Administrator of the Estate of Harry Blake, deceased, at the May term, 1867, of the County Court of Shelby county, Tenn., this is to notify all persons having said Estate to make immediate payment to me, and all persons having claims against the same must present them to me, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law.

O. W. BRAKE, Administrator.
No. 22 Front street.

Administration.

AT the April term of the County Court, I obtained letters of administration on the estate of David R. Lowrance, deceased. All creditors of the estate are notified to file their claims, properly certified, with C. C. Dunnavant, at his counter store.

VIRGINIA LOWRANCE,
Administratrix.

Insolvent Notice.

THE insolvency of the estate of John Baum, deceased, having been suggested by me to the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same, duly authenticated, with the Clerk of said court, on or before the first day of November, 1867, or they will be forever barred.

ELENOR BAUM,
Administratrix of John Baum, deceased

Attachment.

R. E. Poindexter vs. William Jones.

THE plaintiff in the above suit has sworn that the defendant is indebted to him, and has removed out of the county privately, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, having obtained an attachment against his property, returnable before me, as Justice of the Peace for Tipton county, State of Tennessee, against the defendant, returnable before me, at the office of Esq. Ben Sherrod, J. P., on the fourth Monday in August next, and the same having been levied on defendant's property, it is ordered that the defendant appear before me at my office at March's Depot, by the fourth Monday in August next, to defend said attachment suit, or it will be proceeded with as per note; it is further ordered, that this notice be published in the Memphis Weekly Avalanche for four successive weeks. Given under my hand this 13th day of July, 1867.

BEN SHERROD,
Justice of the Peace.

IN the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee.

No. 1020—Jacob Torian et al., vs. John Hallum, administrator of J. W. Matthews, deceased, et al. Creditor's Bill.

It appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant James H. Matthews, a resident of the State of Mississippi, and non-resident of the State of Tennessee; it is therefore ordered that he make his appearance herein, at the Court House in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the first Monday in August next, and answer the bill of complaint; and a copy of this order and bill or the same will be taken for confessed, as to him, and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS AISTON,
Clerk and Master.

By R. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.
FINLAY & KELLAR, Sols. for complainants.

UNDERTAKERS.

W. R. SMITH,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

METALLIC BURIAL CASES

AND CASKETS,

No. 70 Monroe Street, Memphis, Tenn.

UNDERTAKERS in the cities and towns contiguous to Memphis will always find at this establishment all styles of articles in this line, in as great variety as can be found in the city and

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

OWEN SMITH,

UNDERTAKER,